Favelle Favco Berhad

(Company No. 249243-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

and its subsidiaries

Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

Favelle Favco Berhad

(Company No. 249243-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

and its subsidiaries

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2015

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

Principal activities

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding, whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries and associates are as stated in Notes 6 and 7 respectively to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

Results

| | Group RM'000 | Company RM'000 |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Profit attributable to: | | |
| Owners of the Company | 94,706 | 52,111 |
| Non-controlling interests | (840) | - |
| Profit for the year | 93,866 | 52,111 |

Reserves and provisions

There were no material transfers to or from reserves and provisions during the financial year under review except as disclosed in the financial statements.

Dividends

Since the end of the previous financial year, the Company paid a first and final ordinary tax exempt dividend of 12.00 sen per ordinary share totalling RM 26,265,332 in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2014 on 11 September 2015.

The first and final ordinary tax exempt dividend recommended by the Directors in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2015 is 30% (15.00 sen) per ordinary share totalling RM 32,869,014 and is subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Directors of the Company

Directors who served since the date of the last report are:

Tan Sri A. Razak bin Ramli
Tan Sri Dato' Seri Ahmad Ramli bin Haji Mohd Nor
Mac Chung Hui
Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon
Lee Poh Kwee
Mazlan bin Abdul Hamid
Lim Teik Hin
Sobri bin Abu

Directors' interests

The interests and deemed interests in the shares and options of the Company and of its related corporations (other than wholly-owned subsidiaries) of those who were Directors at the end of the financial year end (including the interests of the spouses or children of the Directors who themselves are not Directors of the Company) as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings are as follows:

| | Number of ordinary shares of RM0.50 each | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|---------|------|------------|--|--|
| | At | - | | At | | |
| | 1.1.2015 | Alloted | Sold | 31.12.2015 | | |
| Interests in the Company | | | | | | |
| Tan Sri A.Razak bin Ramli | | | | | | |
| - Direct | 300,000 | - | - | 300,000 | | |
| - Indirect | 800 | - | - | 800 | | |
| Tan Sri Dato' Seri Ahmad Ramli | | | | | | |
| bin Haji Mohd Nor | 300,000 | - | - | 300,000 | | |
| Mac Chung Hui | 2,132,000 | 210,000 | - | 2,342,000 | | |
| Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon | | | | | | |
| - Direct | 8,492,913 | - | _ | 8,492,913 | | |
| - Indirect | 1,738,800 | - | - | 1,738,800 | | |
| Lee Poh Kwee | 1,295,000 | - | - | 1,295,000 | | |
| Mazlan bin Abdul Hamid | 2,224,000 | 210,000 | _ | 2,434,000 | | |

Directors' interests (continued)

| | Number of ordinary shares of RM0.50 each | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---------|------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | At | | | At | | | |
| | 1.1.2015 | Alloted | Sold | 31.12.2015 | | | |
| Indirect interest in the Company | | | | | | | |
| Mac Ngan Boon @ | | | | | | | |
| Mac Yin Boon* | 131,241,043 | - | | - 131,241,043 | | | |

* Deemed interested pursuant to Section 6A of the Companies Act, 1965 by virtue of his substantial interest in Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd.

| | Number of ordinary shares of RM0.50 each At | | | | | |
|---|---|---------|-----------|------------|--|--|
| Interest in the ultimate holding company - Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd | 1.1.2015 | Alloted | Sold | 31.12.2015 | | |
| Mac Chung Hui | 5,616,000 | 233,000 | (144,000) | 5,705,000 | | |
| Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon | | | | | | |
| - Direct | 71,591,416 | - | - | 71,591,416 | | |
| - Indirect | 19,317,500 | - | - | 19,317,500 | | |
| Lee Poh Kwee | | | | | | |
| - Direct | 4,046,272 | - | - | 4,046,272 | | |
| - Indirect | 650,000 | - | - | 650,000 | | |
| Mazlan bin Abdul Hamid | 305,000 | - | - | 305,000 | | |
| Lim Teik Hin | | | | | | |
| - Indirect | 50,000 | - | - | 50,000 | | |

Directors' interests (continued)

The options granted to eligible Directors over unissued ordinary shares in the Company and the ultimate holding company pursuant to the Company's and the ultimate holding company's Employees' Share Option Schemes ("ESOS") are set out below:

| | Number of options over ordinary shares of RM0.50 each | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---|---------|-----------|------------|--|--|--|
| | At | 14,10,0 | o cucii | At | | | |
| | 1.1.2015 | Granted | Exercised | 31.12.2015 | | | |
| Company | | | | | | | |
| Mac Chung Hui | 210,000 | - | (210,000) | - | | | |
| Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon | 650,000 | - | - | 650,000 | | | |
| Lee Poh Kwee | 420,000 | - | _ | 420,000 | | | |
| Mazlan bin Abdul Hamid | 210,000 | - | (210,000) | - | | | |

| | Number of options over ordinary shares of RM0.50 each | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------|-------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| | At 1.1.2015 | Granted | Granted Exercised | | | | |
| Ultimate holding company - Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd. | | | | 31.12.2015 | | | |
| Mac Chung Hui Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon | 233,000 | - | (233,000) | - | | | |
| - Direct | 1,880,000 | - | - | 1,880,000 | | | |
| - Indirect | 2,000,000 | - | - | 2,000,000 | | | |
| Lee Poh Kwee | 2,000,000 | _ | - | 2,000,000 | | | |
| Mazlan bin Abdul Hamid | 300,000 | _ | - | 300,000 | | | |

Other than the abovementioned Directors, none of the Directors holding office at 31 December 2015 had any interest in the ordinary shares of the Company and of its related corporations during the financial year.

By virtue of his direct and indirect interests in shares of the Company, Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon's shareholding of more than 15% is deemed to have interests in the shares of all the subsidiaries during the financial year to the extent that Favelle Favco Berhad has an interest.

Directors' benefits

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director of the Company has received nor become entitled to receive any benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors as shown in the financial statements or the fixed salary of a full time employee of the Company or of related corporation) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest except for any benefits which may be deemed to arise from transaction entered into in the ordinary course of business with companies in which certain directors have substantial financial interest as disclosed in Note 30 to the financial statements.

Directors' benefits (continued)

There were no arrangements during and at the end of the financial year which had the object of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate apart from the options of the Company and the ultimate holding company pursuant to their respective ESOS.

Issue of shares

During the financial year, the Company issued:

- i) 1,547,000 new ordinary shares of RM0.50 each for cash arising from the exercise of employees' share options at the exercise price of RM0.80 per ordinary share;
- ii) 49,000 new ordinary shares of RM0.50 each for cash arising from the exercise of employees' share options at the exercise price of RM1.57 per ordinary share;
- iii) 5,000 new ordinary shares of RM0.50 each for cash arising from the exercise of employees' share options at the exercise price of RM2.50 per ordinary share; and
- iv) 24,000 new ordinary shares of RM0.50 each for cash arising from the exercise of employees' share options at the exercise price of RM2.25 per ordinary share.

There were no other changes in the authorised, issued and paid-up capital of the Company during the financial year.

Options granted over unissued shares

No options were granted to any person to take up unissued shares of the Company during the financial year apart from the issue of options pursuant to the ESOS.

The Company operates an ESOS that was established and approved by the shareholders of the Company at an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM") held on 28 June 2011.

The main features of the ESOS Scheme, details of share options offered and exercised during the financial year are disclosed in Note 18.

The Company has been granted exemption by the Companies Commission of Malaysia from having to disclose the names of option holders who were granted options to subscribe for less than 12,000 shares during the financial year under the ESOS Scheme. This information has been separately filed with the Companies Commission of Malaysia.

Options granted over unissued shares (continued)

The names of option holders granted options to subscribe for 12,000 or more ordinary shares of RM0.50 each during the financial year, other than the Directors of the Company which have been disclosed above, are as follows:-

Number of options over ordinary shares of RM0.50 each

| | | | | At |
|-----------------------------|---------|------------------|------------------|------------|
| | Granted | Exercised | Forfeited | 31.12.2015 |
| Chan Chee Tatt | 38,000 | 18,000 | - | 20,000 |
| Haza Suhairi B. Abdul Hamid | 12,000 | - | - | 12,000 |

Other statutory information

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that:

- i) all known bad debts had been written off and adequate allowance had been made for impairment losses on receivables, and
- ii) all current assets have been stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:

- i) that would require the further writing off of bad debts or render the amount of allowance for impairment losses on receivables in the Group and in the Company inadequate to any substantial extent, or
- ii) that would render the value attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading, or
- iii) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate, or
- iv) not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements that would render any amount stated in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.

The contingent liabilities are disclosed in Note 29 to the financial statements. At the date of this report, there does not exist:

- i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year and which secures the liabilities of any other person, or
- ii) any contingent liability in respect of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year.

Other statutory information (continued)

No contingent liability or other liability of any company in the Group has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

In the opinion of the Directors, the financial performance of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature nor has any such item, transaction or event occurred in the interval between the end of that financial year and the date of this report.

Company No. 249243-W

Auditors

The auditors, Messrs Crowe Horwath, have indicated their willingness to accept reappointment.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon

Mac Chung Hui

.....

Klang,

1st April 2016

Favelle Favco Berhad

(Company No. 249243-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

and its subsidiaries

Statements of financial position as at 31 December 2015

| | | Gro | up | Company | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | Note | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | |
| Assets | | 11111 000 | 111/1 000 | 111/1 000 | 11.1 000 | |
| Property, plant and | | | | | | |
| equipment | 3 | 194,431 | 187,476 | 20 | 23 | |
| Intangible assets | 4 | 1,273 | 1,807 | - | - | |
| Investment property | 5 | - | - | 52,283 | 52,599 | |
| Investment in subsidiaries | 6 | - | - | 57,498 | 48,981 | |
| Investment in associates | 7 | 16,974 | 18,459 | 19,266 | 19,266 | |
| Deferred tax assets | 8 | 16,906 | 13,328 | - | - | |
| Receivables | 9 | 6,804 | 36,539 | 20,939 | 19,088 | |
| Total non-current assets | - | 236,388 | 257,609 | 150,006 | 139,957 | |
| Receivables, deposits | | | | | | |
| and prepayments | 9 | 287,419 | 302,612 | 74,740 | 57,624 | |
| Contract work-in progress | 10 | 160,767 | 149,774 | - | - | |
| Inventories | 11 | 184,999 | 201,461 | - | - | |
| Current tax assets | | 16,143 | 12,146 | - | - | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 12 | 333,979 | 210,774 | 18,088 | 15,340 | |
| Total current assets | - - | 983,307 | 876,767 | 92,828 | 72,964 | |
| Total assets | _ | 1,219,695 | 1,134,376 | 242,834 | 212,921 | |

Statements of financial position as at 31 December 2015 (continued)

| | | Gr | oup | Company | | |
|---|----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | Note | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | |
| Equity | | | | | | |
| Share capital | 13 | 109,568 | 108,756 | 109,568 | 108,756 | |
| Reserves | | 71,260 | 54,020 | 43,436 | 42,032 | |
| Retained earnings | | 366,275 | 298,059 | 75,670 | 49,824 | |
| Total equity attributable to owners of the | - | | | | | |
| Company | | 547,103 | 460,835 | 228,674 | 200,612 | |
| Non-controlling interests | | 512 | (1,106) | - | - | |
| Total equity | - | 547,615 | 459,729 | 228,674 | 200,612 | |
| | _ | | | | | |
| Liabilities Deferred tax liabilities | 8 | 8,173 | 6,428 | - | - | |
| Total non-current liabilities | <u>-</u> | 8,173 | 6,428 | - | _ | |
| A | | | | | | |
| Amount due to contract customers | 10 | 323,264 | 253,037 | | | |
| Loans and borrowings | 14 | 64,011 | 77,417 | 12,861 | 10,505 | |
| Payables and accruals | 15 | 231,113 | 275,996 | 1,204 | 1,256 | |
| Provision for warranties | 16 | 27,805 | 27,022 | 1,201 | 1,230 | |
| Current tax liabilities | 10 | 5,851 | 12,184 | 95 | 548 | |
| Derivative liabilities | 17 | 11,863 | 22,563 | - | - | |
| Total current liabilities | - | 663,907 | 668,219 | 14,160 | 12,309 | |
| Total liabilities | _ | 672,080 | 674,647 | 14,160 | 12,309 | |
| Total equity and liabilities | _ | 1,219,695 | 1,134,376 | 242,834 | 212,921 | |

The notes set on pages 19 to 94 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Favelle Favco Berhad

(Company No. 249243-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

and its subsidiaries

Statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2015

| | | Group | | Company | | |
|---|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | Note | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | |
| Revenue | 19 | 792,431 | 797,895 | 54,485 | 30,045 | |
| Cost of sales | | (573,692) | (618,887) | , - | , - | |
| Gross profit | _ | 218,739 | 179,008 | 54,485 | 30,045 | |
| Other income | | 2,126 | 820 | 3,825 | 76 | |
| Distribution costs | | (11,869) | (12,119) | - | - | |
| Administrative expenses | | (96,407) | (63,437) | (2,733) | (2,538) | |
| Results from operating activities | _ | 112,589 | 104,272 | 55,577 | 27,583 | |
| Finance income | 20 | 15,194 | 5,186 | 1,954 | 7,219 | |
| Finance costs | 21 | (8,022) | (9,040) | (5,015) | (4,890) | |
| Operating profit Share of (loss)/profit after tax and minority interest of equity | _ | 119,761 | 100,418 | 52,516 | 29,912 | |
| accounted associates | | (1,485) | 920 | - | - | |
| Profit before tax | 22 | 118,276 | 101,338 | 52,516 | 29,912 | |
| Income tax | 24 | (24,410) | (17,326) | (405) | (1,093) | |
| Profit for the year | = | 93,866 | 84,012 | 52,111 | 28,819 | |
| Profit attributable to: | | | | | | |
| Owners of the Company | | 94,706 | 87,618 | 52,111 | 28,819 | |
| Non-controlling interests | | (840) | (3,606) | - | - | |
| Profit for the year | - - | 93,866 | 84,012 | 52,111 | 28,819 | |
| Earnings per ordinary share (sen) | | | | | | |
| - Basic | 26 | 43.40 | 40.55 | | | |
| - Diluted | 26 | 43.14 | 40.13 | | | |

Statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

| | | Gro | oup | Company | | |
|--|--------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | Note | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | |
| Profit for the year | | 93,866 | 84,012 | 52,111 | 28,819 | |
| Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the financial year, net of tax Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Movement in revaluation of property, plant and equipment, net of tax | | 182 | 166 | - | - | |
| Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations | | 15,693 | (5,046) | - | - | |
| Other comprehensive (expense)/ income for the year, net of tax | - | 15,875 | (4,880) | - | | |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | 109,741 | 79,132 | 52,111 | 28,819 | |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests | | 110,542 (801) | 82,824 (3,692) | 52,111 - | 28,819 | |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | <u>-</u> | 109,741 | 79,132 | 52,111 | 28,819 | |

Favelle Favco Berhad

(Company No. 249243-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

and its subsidiaries

Consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2015

| | | Attributable to owners of the Company Non-distributable | | | | Distributable | | → | | | |
|--|------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|---------------------------|
| Group | Note | Share capital RM'000 | Share premium RM'000 | Translation reserve RM'000 | Revaluation reserve RM'000 | Share option reserve RM'000 | Treasury reserve RM'000 | Retained earnings RM'000 | Total RM'000 | Non- controlling interests RM'000 | Total equity RM'000 |
| At as 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014 | | 107,606 | 38,785 | 1,757 | 15,025 | 1,666 | (21) | 233,314 | 398,132 | 3,234 | 401,366 |
| Profit for the financial year | | - | - | - | - | - | - | 87,618 | 87,618 | (3,606) | 84,012 |
| Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations Movement in revaluation of property, | | - | - | (4,960) | - | - | - | - | (4,960) | (86) | (5,046) |
| plant and equipment, net of tax | | - | - | | 166 | - | - | - | 166 | - | 166 |
| Total comprehensive income for the financial year | | - | - | (4,960) | 166 | - | - | 87,618 | 82,824 | (3,692) | 79,132 |
| Contribution by and distribution to owners of the Company - Subscription of share in a subsidiary - Accretion of interest in a | | - | - | - | - | - | - | (659) | (659) | (1,212) | (1,871) |
| subsidiary | | - | - | - | _ | - | _ | (564) | (564) | 564 | - |
| Share options exercisedTransfer to share premium for | 18 | 1,150 | 897 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,047 | - | 2,047 |
| share options exercised | | - | 914 | - | - | (914) | - | - | - | - | - |
| Share-based payments | 18 | - | - | - | - | 705 | - | - | 705 | - | 705 |
| - Dividend to shareholders | 25 | - | - | - | - | - | - | (21,650) | (21,650) | - | (21,650) |
| At 31 December 2014 | | 108,756 | 40,596 | (3,203) | 15,191 | 1,457 | (21) | 298,059 | 460,835 | (1,106) | 459,729 |
| | | Note 13.1 | Note 13.2 | Note 13.3 | Note 13.4 | Note 13.5 | Note 13.6 | Note 13.7 | | | |

Company No. 249243-W

Consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

| | | Attributable to owners of the Company Non-distributable | | | | ıy | Distributable | | | | |
|--|------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|---------------------------|
| Group | Note | Share capital RM'000 | Share premium RM'000 | Translation reserve RM'000 | Revaluation reserve RM'000 | Share option reserve RM'000 | Treasury reserve RM'000 | Retained earnings RM'000 | Total RM'000 | Non- controlling interests RM'000 | Total equity RM'000 |
| At as 31 December 2014/ 1 January 2015 | | 108,756 | 40,596 | (3,203) | 15,191 | 1,457 | (21) | 298,059 | 460,835 | (1,106) | 459,729 |
| Profit for the financial year | | - | - | - | - | - | - | 94,706 | 94,706 | (840) | 93,866 |
| Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations Movement in revaluation of property, | | - | - | 15,654 | - | - | - | - | 15,654 | 39 | 15,693 |
| plant and equipment, net of tax | | - | - | - | 182 | - | - | - | 182 | - | 182 |
| Total comprehensive income for the financial year | | - | - | 15,654 | 182 | - | - | 94,706 | 110,542 | (801) | 109,741 |
| Contribution by and distribution to owners of the Company - Accretion of share in a subsidiary - Subscription of shares in a | | - | - | - | - | - | - | (225) | (225) | 225 | - |
| subsidiary by non-controlling | | _ | - | - | _ | - | _ | - | - | 2,194 | 2,194 |
| Share options exercisedTransfer to share premium for | 18 | 812 | 569 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,381 | - | 1,381 |
| share options exercised | | - | 581 | - | - | (581) | - | - | - | - | - |
| - Share-based payments | 18 | - | - | - | - | 835 | - | _ | 835 | - | 835 |
| - Dividend to shareholders | 25 | - | - | - | - | - | - | (26,265) | (26,265) | - | (26,265) |
| At 31 December 2015 | | 109,568 | 41,746 | 12,451 | 15,373 | 1,711 | (21) | 366,275 | 547,103 | 512 | 547,615 |
| | | Note 13.1 | Note 13.2 | Note 13.3 | Note 13.4 | Note 13.5 | Note 13.6 | Note 13.7 | | | |

Company No. 249243-W

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

| | | ← Non-distributable — | | | | Distributable | |
|---|------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | Note | Share capital | Share premium | Share option reserve | Treasury shares | Retained earnings | Total equity |
| Company | | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| At 1 January 2014 | | 107,606 | 38,785 | 1,666 | (21) | 42,655 | 190,691 |
| Profit for the financial year/Total comprehensive income the financial year Contribution by and distribution to owners of the Company: | | - | - | - | - | 28,819 | 28,819 |
| Share options exercisedTransfer to share premium for share options | 18 | 1,150 | 897 | - | - | - | 2,047 |
| exercised | 18 | - | 914 | (914) | - | - | - |
| - Share-based payments | 18 | - | - | 705 | - | - | 705 |
| - Dividend to shareholders | 25 | - | - | - | - | (21,650) | (21,650) |
| At 31 December 2014/1 January 2015 Profit for the financial year/Total comprehensive income | | 108,756 | 40,596 | 1,457 | (21) | 49,824 | 200,612 |
| the financial year Contribution by and distribution to owners of the Company: | | - | - | - | - | 52,111 | 52,111 |
| Share options exercisedTransfer to share premium for share options | 18 | 812 | 569 | - | - | - | 1,381 |
| exercised | 18 | - | 581 | (581) | - | - | - |
| - Share-based payments | 18 | - | - | 835 | - | - | 835 |
| - Dividend to shareholders | 25 | - | - | - | - | (26,265) | (26,265) |
| At 31 December 2015 | _ | 109,568 | 41,746 | 1,711 | (21) | 75,670 | 228,674 |
| | | Note 13.1 | Note 13.2 | Note 13.5 | Note 13.6 | Note 13.7 | |

The notes set on pages 19 to 94 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Favelle Favco Berhad

(Company No. 249243-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

and its subsidiaries

Statements of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2015

| | Note | Gro 2015 RM'000 | oup 2014 RM'000 | Com 2015 RM'000 | pany 2014 RM'000 |
|---|------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | | | |
| Profit before tax | | 118,276 | 101,338 | 52,516 | 29,912 |
| Adjustments for: | | | | | |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | | 1,191 | 1,093 | - | - |
| Allowance for impairment losses on | | | | | |
| receivables | | 43,587 | 21,107 | - | - |
| Allowance for impairment losses on | | | | | |
| receivables written back | | (12,168) | (2,771) | - | - |
| Allowance for slow moving inventories | S | 4,075 | 2,487 | - | - |
| Depreciation expenses | | | | | |
| - investment property | | - | - | 392 | 385 |
| property, plant and equipment | | 15,986 | 14,630 | 3 | 3 |
| Dividend income from subsidiaries | | _ | _ | (52,347) | (27,875) |
| Finance costs | 21 | 8,022 | 9,040 | 5,015 | 4,890 |
| Finance income | 20 | (15,194) | (5,186) | (1,954) | (7,219) |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and | | (10) | (40) | | |
| equipment | | (18) | (49) | - | - |
| Net unrealised (gain)/loss on foreign | | (27.061) | (0.505) | 1 1 47 | 570 |
| exchange | | (25,861) | (8,587) | 1,147 | 572 |
| Property, plant and equipment written | | 0.101 | 7.4 | | |
| off | | 2,121 | 74 | - | - |
| Provision for warranties | | 11,109 | 6,590 | 925 | 705 |
| Share-based payments | | 835 | 705 | 835 | 705 |
| Share of loss/(profit) of equity accounted associates | | 1 405 | (020) | | |
| Reversal of provision for warranties | | 1,485 (3,868) | (920) (6,713) | - | - |
| Writedown of inventories | | 1,099 | 168 | - | - |
| Reversal for diminution | | 1,099 | 108 | - | (76) |
| Reversal for diffillution | | - | - | - | (70) |
| Operating profit before changes | - | | | | _ |
| in working capital | | 150,677 | 133,006 | 5,607 | 1,297 |

Company No. 249243-W

Statements of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

| | | Group | | Company | |
|---|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| | | 2015 2014 | | 2015 2014 | |
| | Note | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Operating profit before changes | | | | | |
| in working capital (continued) | | 150,677 | 133,006 | 5,607 | 1,297 |
| Changes in working capital: | | | | | |
| Development costs of intangible asset | | (521) | - | - | - |
| Inventories | | 11,687 | (13,152) | - | - |
| Receivables, deposits and prepayments | | 40,208 | (106,611) | 29,074 | 29,770 |
| Payables and accruals | | 2,934 | 126,845 | 81 | (4,918) |
| Interest received | | 1,611 | 1,640 | 312 | 356 |
| Interest paid | | (1,891) | (1,804) | - | - |
| Warranties paid | | (7,542) | (8,629) | - | _ |
| Income tax paid | | (36,645) | (27,355) | (858) | (545) |
| Net cash generated from | = | | | | |
| operating activities | = | 160,518 | 103,940 | 34,216 | 25,960 |
| Cash flows for investing activities | | | | | |
| Acquisition of property, plant and | | | | | |
| equipment | | (24,407) | (20,982) | - | (26) |
| Acquisition of investment property | | - | - | (76) | (2,567) |
| Subscription of shares in a subsidiary | | - | (1,871) | (8,517) | (3,253) |
| Proceeds from issuances of shares to non | - | | | | |
| controlling interests of a subsidiary | | 2,194 | - | - | - |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant | = | | | | |
| and equipment | | 2,650 | 428 | - | - |
| Net cash used in investing activities | - | (19,563) | (22,425) | (8,593) | (5,846) |
| Cash flows for financing activities | | | | | |
| Dividend paid to shareholders of the | | | | | |
| Company | 25 | (26,265) | (21,650) | (26,265) | (21,650) |
| Interest paid | | (382) | (474) | (347) | (328) |
| Proceeds from issue of shares under | | , | , | , | , , |
| ESOS scheme | | 1,381 | 2,047 | 1,381 | 2,047 |
| Net proceeds from revolving credit | | 2,356 | 639 | 2,356 | 639 |
| Net repayment of term loans | | (2,074) | (1,921) | , - | - |
| Net cash used in financing activities | - | (24,984) | (21,359) | (22,875) | (19,292) |
| | - | (/ / | ()/ | (,) | |

Company No. 249243-W

Statements of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

| | | Group | | Company | |
|--|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
| Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign | | | | | |
| operations | | 9,739 | (5,127) | - | - |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | - | 125,710 | 55,029 | 2,748 | 822 |
| Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on | | | | | |
| cash held | | (527) | 8,217 | - | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January | 12 | 208,796 | 145,550 | 15,340 | 14,518 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at | | | | | |
| 31 December | 12 | 333,979 | 208,796 | 18,088 | 15,340 |

The notes set on pages 19 to 94 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Favelle Favco Berhad

(Company No. 249243-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

and its subsidiaries

Notes to the financial statements

Favelle Favco Berhad is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The address of its registered office and principal place of business are as follows:

Registered office/Principal place of business

Lot 586, 2nd Mile, Jalan Batu Tiga Lama, 41300 Klang, Selangor Darul Ehsan

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the Group) and the Group's interest in associates. The financial statements of the Company as at and for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 do not include other entities.

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding, whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries and associates are stated in Notes 6 and 7 respectively to the financial statements.

The ultimate holding company during the financial year is Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd. which was incorporated in Malaysia.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 1st April 2016.

1. Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 1965, in Malaysia.

During the current financial year, the Group and the Company have adopted the following new accounting standards and interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any):-

MFRSs and IC Interpretations (Including The Consequential Amendments)

Amendments to MFRS 119: Defined Benefit Plans – Employee Contributions Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2010 – 2012 Cycle

Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2011 – 2013 Cycle

1. Basis of preparation (continued)

(a) Statement of compliance (continued)

The adoption of the above accounting standards and interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any) did not have any material impact on the Group and the Company financial statements.

The Group and the Company have not applied in advance the following accounting standards and interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any) that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (MASB) but are not yet effective for the current financial year:-

| MFRSs, Interpretations and amendments | Effective date |
|--|----------------|
| MFRS 9 Financial Instruments (IFRS 9 issued by IASB in July | |
| 2014) | 1 January 2018 |
| MFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers & | |
| Amendments to MFRS 15: Effective Date of MFRS 15 | 1 January 2018 |
| Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128 (2011): Sale or | |
| Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate | Deferred until |
| or Joint Venture | further notice |
| Amendments to MFRS 11: Accounting for Acquisitions of | |
| Interests in Joint Operations | 1 January 2016 |
| Amendments to MFRS 10, MFRS 12 and MFRS 128 (2011): | |
| Investment Entities – Applying the Consolidation Exception | 1 January 2016 |
| Amendments to MFRS 101: Presentation of Financial | |
| Statements – Disclosure Initiative | 1 January 2016 |
| Amendments to MFRS 116 and MFRS 138: Clarification of | |
| Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation | 1 January 2016 |
| Amendments to MFRS 116 and MFRS 141: Agriculture – | |
| Bearer Plants | 1 January 2016 |
| Amendments to MFRS 127 (2011): Equity Method in Separate | |
| Financial Statements | 1 January 2016 |
| Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2012 – 2014 Cycle | 1 January 2016 |

The adoption of the above accounting standards and interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any) is expected to have no material impact on the financial statements of the Group and the Company upon their initial application.

Company No. 249243-W

1. Basis of preparation (continued)

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

(c) Functional and presentation currencies

These financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information is presented in RM and has been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

There are no significant areas of estimation of uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements other than those disclosed in the following notes:

- Note 2 (c) financial instruments
- Note 2 (d)(iii) depreciation
- Note 2 (e) leased assets
- Note 2 (g) investment property
- Note 2 (q) Revenue recognition from contract revenue
- Note 2 (r) interest income
- Note 2 (s) borrowing costs
- Note 2 (t) income tax

2. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements and have been applied consistently by Group entities, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities, including structured entities, controlled by the Company. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Potential voting rights are considered when assessing control only when such rights are substantive. The Group also considers it has de facto power over an investee when, despite not having the majority of voting rights, it has the current ability to direct the activities of the investee that significantly affect the investee's return.

Investments in subsidiaries are measured in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses, unless the investment is classified as held for sale or distribution. The cost of investment includes transaction costs.

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(ii) Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method from the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

For new acquisitions, the Group measures the cost of goodwill at the acquisition date as:

- the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- the recognised amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree; plus
- if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquiree; less
- the net recognised amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

For each business combination, the Group elects whether it measures the non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date.

Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expenses as incurred.

(iii) Acquisitions of non-controlling interests

The Group accounts for all changes in its ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control as equity transactions between the Group and its non-controlling interest holders. Any difference between the Group's share of net assets before and after the change, and any consideration received or paid, is adjusted to or against Group reserves.

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(iv) Loss of control

Upon the loss of control of a subsidiary, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the former subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the former subsidiary from the consolidated statement of financial position. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the former subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently, it is accounted for as an equity accounted investee or as an available-for-sale financial asset depending on the level of the influence retained.

(v) Associates

Associates are entities, including unincorporated entities, in which the Group has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method less any impairment losses, unless it is classified as held for sale or distribution. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates, after adjustments if any, to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an associate, the carrying amount of that interest including any long-term investments is reduced to zero, and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the associate.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, any retained interest in the former associate at the date when significant influence is lost is measured at fair value and this amount is regarded as the initial carrying amount of a financial asset. The difference between the fair value of any retained interest plus proceeds from the interest disposed of and the carrying amount of the investment at the date when equity method is discontinued is recognised in the profit or loss.

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(v) Associates (continued)

When the Group's interest in an associate decreases but does not result in a loss of significant influence, any retained interest is not remeasured. Any gain or loss arising from the decrease in interest is recognised in profit or loss. Any gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are also reclassified proportionately to the profit or loss if that gain or loss would be required to be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

Investments in associates are measured in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses, unless the investment is classified as held for sale or distribution. The cost of investment includes transaction costs.

(vi) Affiliated company

An affiliated company to the Group is a company in which the ultimate holding company holds a long term investment of between 20% to 50% of the equity.

(vii) Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests at the end of the reporting period, being the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to equity holders of the Company, are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity within equity, separately from equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group is presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the profit or loss and the comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the owners of the Company.

Losses applicable to the non-controlling interests in a subsidiary are allocated to the non-controlling interests even if doing so causes the non-controlling interests to have a deficit balance.

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(viii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Unrealised gains arising from transaction with equity-accounted associates are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

(b) Foreign currency

(i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of Group entities at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the reporting period are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are not retranslated at the end of the reporting date except for those that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined.

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in profit or loss, except for differences arising on the retranslation of available-for-sale equity instruments or a financial instrument designated as a hedge of currency risk, which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

In the consolidated financial statements, when settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from such a monetary item are considered to form part of a net investment in a foreign operation and are recognised in other comprehensive income, and are presented in the foreign currency translation reserve ("FCTR") in equity.

(b) Foreign currency (continued)

(ii) Operations denominated in functional currencies other than Ringgit Malaysia

The assets and liabilities of operations denominated in functional currencies other than RM, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated to RM at exchange rates at the end of the reporting period, except for goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from business combinations before 1 January 2011 which are treated as assets and liabilities of the Company. The income and expenses of foreign operations in functional currencies other than RM are translated to RM at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign currency differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the FCTR in equity. However, if the operation is a non-wholly owned subsidiary, then the relevant proportionate share of the translation difference is allocated to the non-controlling interests. When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the FCTR related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests. When the Group disposes of only part of its investment in an associate or joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

(c) Financial instruments

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group or the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A finance instrument is recognised initially, at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial instrument not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instrument.

An embedded derivative is recognised separately from the host contract and accounted for as a derivative if, and only if, it is not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract and the host contract is not categorised at fair value through profit or loss. The host contract, in the event an embedded derivative is recognised separately, is accounted for in accordance with policy applicable to the nature of the host contract.

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement

The Group and the Company categorise financial instruments as follows:

Financial assets

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial assets that are held for trading, including derivatives (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument) or financial assets that are specifically designated into this category upon initial recognition.

Derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of unquoted equity instruments whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost.

Other financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

(c) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement (continued)

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables category comprises debt instruments that are not quoted in an active market.

Financial assets categorised as loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

All financial assets, except for those measured at fair value through profit or loss, are subject to review for impairment.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost other than those categorised as fair value through profit or loss.

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial liabilities that are derivatives (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument) or financial liabilities that are specifically designated into this category upon initial recognition.

Derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of equity instruments whose fair values otherwise cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost.

Other financial liabilities categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

(c) Financial instruments (continued)

(iii) Regular way purchase or sale of financial assets

A regular way purchase or sale is a purchase or sale of a financial asset under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned.

A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets is recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting. Trade date accounting refers to:

- (a) the recognition of an asset to be received and the liability to pay for it on the trade date, and
- (b) derecognition of an asset that is sold, recognition of any gain or loss on disposal and the recognition of a receivable from the buyer for payment on the trade date.

(iv) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or control of the asset is not retained or substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to another party. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(d) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost/valuation less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The Group and the Company adopted the policy to revalue their freehold land and leasehold land every 5 years or at shorter intervals whenever the fair values of the freehold land and leasehold land are expected to differ materially from their carrying values.

Surpluses arising from the revaluation are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the revaluation reserve. Deficits arising from the revaluation, to the extent that they are not supported by any previous revaluation surpluses, are recognised in profit or loss.

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use, and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour. For qualifying assets, borrowing costs are capitalised in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

The cost of property, plant and equipment recognised as a result of a business combination is based on fair value at acquisition date. The fair value of property is the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. The fair value of other items of plant and equipment is based on the quoted market prices for similar items when available and replacement cost when appropriate.

When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and is recognised net within "other income" or "other expenses" respectively in profit or loss. When revalued assets are sold, the amounts included in the revaluation surplus reserve are transferred to retained earnings.

(d) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a component of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the component will flow to the Group or the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced component is derecognised to profit or loss. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term. Freehold land is not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment under construction are not depreciated until the assets are ready for their intended use.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

buildings
 cranes
 plant, equipment and motor vehicles
 10 - 50 years
 10 - 15 years
 3 - 13 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of the reporting period.

(e) Leased assets

(i) Finance lease

Leases in terms of which the Group or the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance expense is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Contingent lease payments are accounted for by revising the minimum lease payments over the remaining term of the lease when the lease adjustment is confirmed.

Leasehold land which in substance is a finance lease is classified as property, plant and equipment, or as investment property if held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both.

(ii) Operating lease

Leases, where the Group or the Company does not assume substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases and, except for property interest held under operating lease, the leased assets are not recognised on the statement of financial position. Property interest held under an operating lease, which is held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, is classified as investment property and measured using fair value model.

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Leasehold land which in substance is an operating lease is classified as prepaid lease payments.

(f) Intangible assets

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on business combinations is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. In respect of equity-accounted associates, the carrying amount of goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and an impairment loss on such an investment is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the equity-accounted associates.

Goodwill with indefinite useful lives are not amortised but are tested for impairment at the end of each reporting period and whenever there is an indication that goodwill may be impaired.

(ii) Research and development

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Expenditure on development activities, whereby the application of research findings are applied to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products and processes is capitalised only if development costs can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable and the Group intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset.

The expenditure capitalised includes the cost of materials, direct labour and overhead costs that are directly attributable to preparing the asset for its intended use. For qualifying assets, borrowing costs are capitalised in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs. Other development expenditure is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Capitalised development expenditure is measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

(f) Intangible assets (continued)

(iii) Intellectual property

Intellectual property consists of rights to trade name, knowhow and industrial property rights and is stated at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses.

(iv) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

(v) Amortisation

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised but are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired. Other intangible assets are amortised from the date that they are available for use. Amortisation of intangible assets is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets of 5 to 10 years.

(g) Investment property

Investment properties carried at cost

Investment properties are properties which are owned or held under a leasehold interest to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purpose.

Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, consistent with the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment as stated in accounting policy Note 2(d).

Where the fair value of the investment property under construction is not reliably determined, the investment property under construction is measured at cost until either its fair value becomes reliably determinable or construction is complete, whichever is earlier.

(g) Investment property (continued)

Investment properties carried at cost (continued)

Transfers between investment property and property, plant and equipment do not change the carrying amount and the cost of the property transferred.

An investment property is derecognised on its disposal, or when it is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

(h) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of crane components comprises the original purchase price plus incidentals in bringing these inventories to their present location and condition. Cost of work-in-progress and assembled cranes consists of crane components, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable production overheads. Crane components are determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Cost of work-in-progress and assembled cranes is determined on a specific identification basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(i) Contract work-in-progress/Amount due to contract customers

Contract work-in-progress represents the gross unbilled amount expected to be collected from customers for contract work performed to date. It is measured at cost plus profit recognised to date less progress billing and recognised losses. Cost includes all expenditure related directly to specific projects and an allocation of fixed and variable overheads incurred in the Group's contract activities based on normal operating capacity. For qualifying contracts, borrowing costs are capitalised in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs.

Contract work-in-progress is presented as part of total current assets in the statements of financial position for all contracts in which costs incurred plus recognised profits exceed progress billings. If progress billings exceed costs incurred plus profits recognised, then the difference is presented as amount due to contract customers which is part of the deferred income in the statement of financial position.

(j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank balances, demand deposits, bank overdrafts and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value with original maturity periods of three months or less.

(k) Impairment

(i) Financial assets

All financial assets (except for financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss, investment in subsidiaries and investment in associates) are assessed at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events having an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the asset. Losses expected as a result of future events, no matter how likely, are not recognised. For an investment in an equity instrument, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost is an objective evidence of impairment.

An impairment loss in respect of loans and receivables is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the assets's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

An impairment loss in respect of unquoted equity instrument that is carried at cost is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset.

Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss for an investment in an equity instrument classified as available for sale is not reversed through profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed, to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

(k) Impairment (continued)

(ii) Other assets

The carrying amounts of other assets (except for inventories, amount due from contract customers, deferred tax asset, assets arising from employee benefits, investment property measured at fair value and non-current assets classified as held for sale) are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For goodwill, and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives or that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each period at the same time.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units. Subject to an operating segment ceiling test, for the purpose of goodwill impairment testing, cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are aggregated so that the level at which impairment testing is performed reflects the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal reporting purposes. The goodwill acquired in a business combination, for the purpose of impairment testing, is allocated to a cash-generating unit that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash-generating unit. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in the profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (group of cash generating units) and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the cash-generating unit (groups of cash-generating units) on a pro rata basis.

(k) Impairment (continued)

(ii) Other assets (continued)

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at the end of each reporting period for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the financial year in which the reversals are recognised.

(l) Equity instruments

Instruments classified as equity are measured at cost on initial recognition and are not remeasured subsequently.

(i) Issue expenses

Costs directly attributable to issue of instruments classified as equity are recognised as a deduction from equity.

(ii) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

(iii) Repurchase of share capital

When share capital recognised as equity is repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, including directly attributable costs, net of any tax effects, is recognised as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares that are not subsequently cancelled are classified as treasury shares in the statement of changes in equity.

When treasury shares are sold or reissued subsequently, the difference between the sales consideration net of directly attributable costs and the carrying amount of the treasury shares is recongnised in equity.

(m) Loans and borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at fair value (net of transaction costs) and subsequently carried at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and redemption value is recognised in the profit or loss over the period of the loans and borrowings using the effective interest method.

(n) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations in respect of salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave and sick leave are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under shortterm cash bonus or profit-sharing plans if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

The Group's contributions to the Employees Provident Fund are charged to profit or loss in the year to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group has no further payment obligations.

(ii) Share-based payment transactions

The grant date fair value of share-based payment granted to employees is recognised as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period that the employees unconditionally become entitled to the awards. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market vesting conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised as an expense is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date.

(o) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

(o) Provisions (continued)

Warranties

A provision for warranties is recognised when the underlying products or services are sold. The provision is based on historical warranty data and a weighting of all possible outcomes against their associated probabilities.

(p) Contingent liabilities

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is not recognised in the statements of financial position and is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Where the Company enters into financial guarantee contracts to guarantee the indebtedness of other companies within its group, the Company considers these to be insurance arrangements, and accounts for them as such. In this respect, the Company treats the guarantee contract as a contingent liability until such time as it becomes probable that the Company will be required to make a payment under the guarantee.

(q) Revenue recognition

(i) Contracts

Contract revenue includes the initial amount agreed in the contract plus any variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments to the extent that it is probable that they will result in revenue and can be measured reliably. As soon as the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, contract revenue and contract cost are recognised in profit or loss in proportion to the stage of completion of the contract. Contract expenses are recognised as incurred unless they create an asset related to future contract activity.

The stage of completion is assessed by reference to the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total contract costs. When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that are likely to be recoverable. An expected loss on a contract is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(q) Revenue recognition (continued)

(ii) Goods sold and services rendered

Revenue from the sale of goods, trading of crane inventories and crane components are measured at net fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is recognised in profit or loss. Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, recovery of the consideration is probable and there is no continuing management involvement with the goods, and the revenue can be measured reliably.

Revenue from services rendered is recognised in profit or loss in proportion to the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period. The stage of completion is assessed by reference to the value of work performed.

(iii) Rental income

Rental income from cranes is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues.

(iv) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss on the date that the group or the Company's right to receive payment is established.

(r) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method in profit or loss except for interest income arising from temporary investment of borrowings taken specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset which is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs.

(s) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

(t) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position and their tax bases. Deferred tax is not recognised for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of goodwill, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

(t) Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liability are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Unutilised reinvestment allowance and investment tax allowance, being tax incentive that is not a tax base of an asset, is recognised as a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against the unutilised tax incentive can be utilised.

(u) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its ordinary shares.

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period adjusted for own shares held.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding adjusted for own shares held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise share options granted to employees.

(v) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenue and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. Operating segment result are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker, which in this case is the Chief Executive Officer of the Group, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

(w) Fair value measurements

Fair value of an asset or a liability is determined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair value are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the input used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Group recognises transfer between levels of fair value hierarchy as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

3. Property, plant and equipment

| | | | | Plant, equipment and motor | Capital work-in- | |
|------------------------|--------|-----------|---------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------|
| Group | Land | Buildings | Cranes | vehicles | progress | Total |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Cost/Valuation | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2014 | 70,934 | 47,756 | 97,006 | 84,331 | 1,917 | 301,944 |
| Additions | - | 4,047 | 8,119 | 8,225 | 591 | 20,982 |
| Transfer | - | - | (3,814) | - | - | (3,814) |
| Disposals | - | - | (5,224) | (1,297) | - | (6,521) |
| Written off | - | - | - | (298) | - | (298) |
| Effect of movements in | | | | | | |
| exchange rates | (724) | (844) | (2,249) | (334) | - | (4,151) |
| | | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2014/ | | | | | | |
| 1 January 2015 | 70,210 | 50,959 | 93,838 | 90,627 | 2,508 | 308,142 |
| Additions | - | 351 | 12,055 | 11,675 | 326 | 24,407 |
| Reclassification | - | 3,629 | - | (1,415) | (2,214) | - |
| Disposals | - | - | (3,298) | (978) | - | (4,276) |
| Transfer | - | - | - | - | (399) | (399) |
| Written off | - | - | (3,057) | (425) | - | (3,482) |
| Effect of movements in | | | | | | |
| exchange rates | 1,106 | 2,315 | 3,383 | 4,460 | - | 11,264 |
| | | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2015 | 71,316 | 57,254 | 102,921 | 103,944 | 221 | 335,656 |
| | | | | | | |
| Representing items at: | | | | | | |
| Cost | 55,325 | 57,254 | 102,921 | 103,944 | 221 | 319,665 |
| Valuation – 2008 | 12,291 | - | - | - | - | 12,291 |
| Valuation – 2012 | 3,700 | - | - | - | - | 3,700 |
| | | | | | | |
| | 71,316 | 57,254 | 102,921 | 103,944 | 221 | 335,656 |

3. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

| Group | Land | Buildings | Cranes | Plant, equipment and motor vehicles | Capital work-in- progress | Total |
|--|--------|-----------|---------|--|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Depreciation and impairment loss | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2014 | 14 | 19,877 | 39,894 | 56,776 | - | 116,561 |
| Depreciation for the year | 5 | (303) | 7,349 | 7,579 | - | 14,630 |
| Reclassification | _ | - | 495 | (495) | _ | - |
| Transfer | _ | _ | (1,348) | - | _ | (1,348) |
| Disposals | _ | _ | (4,899) | (1,243) | _ | (6,142) |
| Written off | _ | _ | _ | (224) | _ | (224) |
| Effect of movements in | | | | (22.) | | (22.) |
| exchange rates | _ | (844) | (1,625) | (342) | _ | (2,811) |
| | | (0) | (1,020) | (8.2) | | (=,011) |
| | | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2014 | | | | | | |
| Accumulated depreciation | 19 | 18,730 | 39,866 | 62,051 | - | 120,666 |
| Accumulated impairment | | | | | | |
| losses | _ | - | - | - | - | - |
| At 31 December 2014/ | 19 | 18,730 | 39,866 | 62,051 | | 120,666 |
| 1 January 2015 | | | · · | | - | |
| Depreciation for the year Reclassification | 5 | 968 | 7,364 | 7,649 | - | 15,986 |
| | - | 1,445 | (0.50) | (1,445) | - | - (1.644) |
| Disposals | - | - | (859) | (785) | - | (1,644) |
| Written off Effect of movements in | - | - | (1,184) | (177) | - | (1,361) |
| exchange rates | | 1.550 | 2 402 | 2.545 | | 7.570 |
| exchange rates | - | 1,550 | 2,483 | 3,545 | - | 7,578 |
| | | | | | | |
| Accumulated depreciation | 24 | 22,693 | 47,670 | 70,838 | | 141,225 |
| Accumulated impairment | 24 | 22,093 | 47,070 | 70,636 | - | 141,223 |
| losses | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| At 31 December 2015 | 24 | 22,693 | 47,670 | 70,838 | _ | 141,225 |
| | | ,_, | ,0,0 | . 3,023 | | - · - , · |
| Carrying amounts | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2015 | 70,191 | 32,229 | 53,972 | 28,576 | 2,508 | 187,476 |
| 2 J | | , | | | _,- | |
| At 31 December 2015 | 71,292 | 34,561 | 55,251 | 33,106 | 221 | 194,431 |

3. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

| Company | Property, plant and equipment RM'000 |
|---|--|
| Cost | |
| At 1 January 2014 | - |
| Additions | 26 |
| At 31 December 2014/1 January 2015 | 26 |
| Additions | |
| At 31 December 2015 | 26 |
| Depreciation At 1 January 2014 Depreciation for the year At 31 December 2014/1 January 2015 Depreciation for the year At 31 December 2015 | 3 3 3 3 6 |
| Carrying amounts At 31 December 2014/1 January 2015 | 23 |
| At 31 December 2015/1 January 2016 | 20 |

3.1 Security

The freehold land and buildings of the Group with total net book value of RM 15,584,000 (2014 – RM 47,393,000) have been pledged to certain licensed bank as security for bank facilities granted to the Group (See Note 14).

3.2 Property, plant and equipment under the revaluation model

The Group's freehold land were revalued by independent professional qualified valuers using an open market value method in financial year ended 2012 and 2008. The cost of a piece of the Group's freehold land was written down by RM 662,000 during the financial year ended 31 December 2009 as management was of the view that the fair value had differed materially from its carrying value. Had the freehold land been carried under the cost model, their carrying amounts would have been RM 26,782,000 (2014 – RM 25,676,000).

4. Intangible assets

| Group | Development costs RM'000 |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Cost | |
| At 1 January 2014 | 10,175 |
| Effect of movement in exchange rates | (281) |
| At 31 December 2014/1 January 2015 | 9,894 |
| Effect of movement in exchange rates | 685 |
| Addition | 521 |
| Written off | (4,744) |
| At 31 December 2015 | 6,356 |
| Amortisation and impairment loss | |
| At 1 January 2014 | |
| Accumulated amortisation | 6,902 |
| Accumulated impairment loss | 327 |
| | 7,229 |
| Amortisation for the year | 1,093 |
| Effect of movements in exchange rates | (235) |
| At 31 December 2014/1 January 2015 | |
| Accumulated amortisation | 7,760 |
| Accumulated impairment loss | 327 |
| A (' (' C (1 | 8,087 |
| Amortisation for the year | 1,191 |
| Effect of movements in exchange rates | 549 |
| At 31 December 2015 | 0.500 |
| Accumulated amortisation | 9,500 |
| Accumulated impairment loss | 327 |
| Written off | 9,827 |
| whiten off | (4,744) |
| At 31 December 2015 | 5,083 |
| Carrying amounts | |
| At 1 January 2015 | 1,807 |
| At 31 December 2015 | 1,273 |

Development and software costs represent internally generated expenditure by subsidiaries on new or substantially improved major crane projects. It is reasonably anticipated that the cost will be recovered through future commercial activity. The remaining amortisation period range from 1 year to 5 years (2014 - 1 year to 2 years).

5. Investment property

| | Comp | oany |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
| Cost | | |
| At 1 January | 53,240 | 50,673 |
| Addition | 76 | 2,567 |
| At 31 December | 53,316 | 53,240 |
| Depreciation and impairment loss | | |
| At 1 January | | |
| Accumulated depreciation | 641 | 256 |
| Accumulated impairment loss | - | _ |
| - | 641 | 256 |
| Addition | 392 | 385 |
| At 31 December | | |
| Accumulated depreciation | 1,033 | 641 |
| Accumulated impairment loss | - | - |
| - | 1,033 | 641 |
| Carrying amounts | | |
| At 31 December | 52,283 | 52,599 |

The investment property is a crane fabrication yard comprising freehold industrial land, building and improvements, located at No. 28, Yarrunga Street, Prestone, New South Wales, 2170 Australia, and is leased to its subsidiary.

6. Investments in subsidiaries

| | Company | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | | |
| Unquoted shares – at cost | 138,001 | 129,484 | | |
| Less: Impairment loss | (80,503) | (80,503) | | |
| | 57,498 | 48,981 | | |

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

| Name of subsidiaries | Principal activities | Country of incorporation | Effective ownership interest 2015 2014 % % | |
|--|---|--------------------------|--|-----|
| Favelle Favco Cranes (M) Sdn. Bhd. | Designing, manufacturing, supply, servicing, trading and renting of cranes | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Favelle Favco Cranes Pte. Ltd. # | Supplying, servicing, trading and renting of cranes and sal of spare parts and services | Singapore es | 100 | 100 |
| Favelle Favco Cranes (USA), Inc. # | Designing, manufacturing, supplying, servicing, trading and renting of cranes | United States of America | 100 | 100 |
| Favelle Favco Cranes Pty. Limited # and its subsidiaries | Design, manufacture, supply, renting and servicing of industrial cranes | Australia | 100 | 100 |
| FF Management Pty. Limited # | Management services | Australia | 100 | 100 |
| Milperra Blasting and Coating Pty. Limited # | Dormant | Australia | 100 | 100 |

6. Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

| | | Country of | Effeo owne inte | rship |
|--|--|--------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Name of subsidiaries | Principal activities i | ncorporation | 2015 % | 2014 % |
| Kroll Cranes A/S # | Designing, manufacturing, servicing, trading and renting of cranes | Denmark | 100 | 100 |
| Favelle Favco Cranes International Ltd. | Dormant | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| FES Equipment Services Sdn. Bhd. | Supply of spare parts for cranes, provision of crane maintenance services and renting of cranes | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Favelle Favco Winches Pte. Ltd. # | Design, fabrication, trading, service and rental of winches hydraulic system and materia handling equipment | , | 100 | 100 |
| Favelle Favco Management Services Sdn. Bhd. # | Dormant | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Shanghai Favco Engineering Machinery Manufacturing Co., Ltd. # | Manufacturing of cranes | China | 78 | 77 |

[#] Not audited by Messrs Crowe Horwath

7. Investments in associates

| | Gro | oup | Company | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | |
| Unquoted shares, at cost | 19,424 | 19,424 | 19,424 | 19,424 | |
| Share of post-acquisition reserves | (2,450) | (965) | - | - | |
| Less: Impairment loss | - | - | (158) | (158) | |
| | 16,974 | 18,459 | 19,266 | 19,266 | |

Summarised financial information on associates:

| Group | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| Total assets (100%) Total liabilities (100%) | 131,010 84,024 | 127,133 83,958 |
| Revenue (100%) (Loss)/profit for the year (100%) | 50,879 (2,983) | 102,468 1,846 |

Details of the associates are as follows:

| Company | Principal activities | Country of | Effecti Owners intere | ship |
|--|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| 1 0 | • | incorporation | 2015 % | 2014 % |
| Favco Offshores Sdn Bhd | Manufacture, supply, servicing and renting of cranes | Malaysia | 30 | 30 |
| Favelle Favco Machinery and Equipment L.L.C | Trading and rental of construction equipment | United Arab Emirates | 49 | 49 |
| Favco Heavy Industry (Changshu) Co., Ltd. | Supply, renting and servicing of lifting equipment and spare parts | China | 50 | 50 |

8. Deferred tax (assets) and liabilities

Recognised deferred tax (assets) and liabilities

Deferred tax (assets) and liabilities are attributable to the following:

| | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{i}}$ | | sets Liabili | | oilities Net | |
|---|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Group | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
| Property, plant and equipment (Deductible)/taxable Temporary | - | - | 10,225 | 9,241 | 10,225 | 9,241 |
| differences | (20,262) | (15,597) | 1,304 | (544) | (18,958) | (16,141) |
| TD () () () () () () () () () (| (20, 262) | (15.505) | 11.500 | 0.607 | (0.722) | (6,000) |
| Tax (assets)/liabilities | (20,262) | (15,597) | 11,529 | 8,697 | (8,733) | (6,900) |
| Set off | 3,356 | 2,269 | (3,356) | (2,269) | - | - |
| Net tax (assets)/ liabilities | (16,906) | (13,328) | 8,173 | 6,428 | (8,733) | (6,900) |

8. Deferred tax (assets) and liabilities (continued)

Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

| | Group | | Company | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
| Property, plant and equipment | (298) | (1,576) | - | - |
| Deductible temporary differences | 24,395 | 73,143 | - | - |
| Tax losses carry-forwards | 72,929 | 70,501 | - | - |
| | 97,026 | 142,068 | - | _ |

The deductible temporary differences do not expire under current tax legislation except for unutilised tax losses carried forward amounting to RM 69,908,000 (2014 – RM 67,747,000) shown above which can only be carried forward for 20 years from the year the losses were incurred. These tax losses will begin to expire from 2019. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is uncertain that future taxable profits will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits there from.

Movement in temporary differences during the financial year

| Group | At 1.1.2014 RM'000 | Recognised in statement of profit or loss (Note 24) RM'000 | Exchange differences RM'000 | At 31.12.2014 RM'000 | Recognised in statement of profit or loss (Note 24) RM'000 | Exchange differences RM'000 | At 31.12.2015 RM'000 |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Property, plant and | | | | | | | |
| equipment Other | 9,866 | (625) | - | 9,241 | 984 | - | 10,225 |
| items | (3,943) | (11,845) | (353) | (16,141) | (2,889) | 72 | (18,958) |
| | 5,923 ====== | (12,470) ======= | (353) | (6,900) | (1,905) | 72 ====== | (8,733) |

9. Receivables, deposits and prepayments

| | | Group | | Company | |
|---|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
| Non-current | | | | | |
| Trade | | | | | |
| Trade receivables | | 374 | 38,710 | - | - |
| Less: Allowance for impairment losses | | | (7.051) | | |
| IOSSES | 9.1 | 374 | (7,051) | | |
| | 7.1 | 317 | 31,037 | | |
| Non-trade | | | | | |
| Advances to a subsidiary | 9.2 | - | - | 14,509 | 14,208 |
| Advances to an associate | 9.3 | 6,430 | 4,880 | 6,430 | 4,880 |
| | | 6,430 | 4,880 | 20,939 | 19,088 |
| | | 6 904 | 26.520 | 20.020 | 10.000 |
| | | 6,804 | 36,539 | 20,939 | 19,088 |
| Current | | | | | |
| Trade | | | | | |
| Trade receivables | | 266,920 | 281,839 | - | - |
| Less: Allowance for impairment | | | | | |
| losses | | (58,743) | (18,772) | - | - |
| | 9.1 | 208,177 | 263,067 | - | - |
| Amounts due from ultimate holding | | | | | |
| company | 9.4 | 22 | 548 | _ | _ |
| Amounts due from related companies | 9.6 | 78 | - | - | _ |
| Amounts due from associates | 9.7 | 59,456 | 19,094 | - | - |
| | • | 59,556 | 19,642 | - | _ |
| | | | | | |
| Non-trade | ĺ | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | |
| Amounts due from ultimate holding company | 9.4 | 9 | 3 | _ | |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries | 9. 4 9.5 | - | _ | 74,688 | 57,487 |
| Amounts due from related companies | 9.6 | _ | 3 | - 1,000 | - |
| Other receivables | 9.8 | 12,443 | 9,460 | - | - |
| Deposits | | 1,373 | 702 | 11 | 104 |
| Prepayments | | 5,861 | 9,735 | 41 | 33 |
| | | 19,686 | 19,903 | 74,740 | 57,624 |
| | | 287,419 | 302,612 | 74,740 | 57,624 |
| | | | | | |

9. Receivables, deposits and prepayments (continued)

9.1 Analysis of foreign currency exposure for significant receivables

Significant trade receivables outstanding at year end that are not in the functional currencies of the Group entities are as follows:

| | | Group | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|--------|--------|--|--|
| Functional currency | Foreign currency | 2015 | 2014 | | |
| | | RM'000 | RM'000 | | |
| RM | AUD | 3,508 | 17,029 | | |
| RM | EURO | 158 | 12,555 | | |
| RM | RMB | 43,378 | 35,693 | | |
| RM | SGD | 806 | 1,203 | | |
| RM | USD | 71,293 | 96,935 | | |
| AUD | EURO | - | 29 | | |
| AUD | RMB | 1,341 | 14,455 | | |
| AUD | USD | - | 29 | | |
| SGD | USD | 19,896 | 16,945 | | |

9.2 Advances to a subsidiary

The advances to a subsidiary are unsecured, interest-free and are not expected to be repaid within the next twelve months.

9.3 Advances to an associate

The advances to an associate are unsecured, subject to interest at 1% (2014: 1%) per annum and are not expected to be repaid within the next twelve months.

9.4 Amount due from ultimate holding company

The trade receivable due from ultimate holding company is subject to the normal trade term of 30 days.

The non-trade receivable due from ultimate holding company is non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

9.5 Amounts due from subsidiaries

The non-trade receivables due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

9. Receivables, deposits and prepayments (continued)

9.6 Amounts due from related companies

The trade receivables due from related companies were subject to the normal trade term of 30 days.

The non-trade receivables due from related companies are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

9.7 Amounts due from associates

The trade receivables due from associates are subject to the normal trade term of 30 days.

9.8 Other receivables

Other receivables mainly comprise an insurance claim of RM 5,130,000 (2014 – RM 4,676,000) and advances to suppliers amounting to RM 1,363,632 (2014 – RM 2,943,673).

10. Contract work-in-progress/Amount due to contract customers

| | Group | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|--|--|
| | 2015 | 2014 | | |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | | |
| Aggregate costs incurred to date | 1,461,690 | 1,196,161 | | |
| Add: Attributable profits less foreseeable losses | 294,305 | 164,819 | | |
| _ | 1,755,995 | 1,360,980 | | |
| Less: Progress billing | (1,918,492) | (1,464,243) | | |
| | (162,497) | (103,263) | | |
| Representing:- | | | | |
| Contract work-in-progress | 160,767 | 149,774 | | |
| Amount due to contract customers | (323,264) | (253,037) | | |
| _ | (162,497) | (103,263) | | |
| | | | | |

11. Inventories

| | Grou | Group | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | | | |
| At cost: | | | | | |
| Crane components | 86,685 | 132,952 | | | |
| Work-in-progress | 83,610 | 58,788 | | | |
| | 170,295 | 191,740 | | | |
| At net realisable value: | | | | | |
| Cranes | 1,896 | 2,333 | | | |
| Crane components | 12,808 | 7,388 | | | |
| | 184,999 | 201,461 | | | |

12. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents included in the statements of cash flows comprise the following statement of financial position amounts:

| | Gro | oup | Com | pany |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
| Cash and bank balances Deposits placed with | 291,988 | 170,576 | 3,370 | 5,097 |
| licensed banks | 41,991 | 40,198 | 14,718 | 10,243 |
| | 333,979 | 210,774 | 18,088 | 15,340 |
| Bank overdrafts | | | | |
| (Note 14) | - | (1,978) | - | |
| | 333,979 | 208,796 | 18,088 | 15,340 |

13. Share capital and reserves

13.1 Share capital

| | Group and Company | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Amount 2015 RM'000 | Number of shares 2015 '000 | Amount 2014 RM'000 | Number of shares 2014 '000 | |
| Ordinary shares of RM0.50 each Authorised | 500,000 | 1,000,000 | 500,000 | 1,000,000 | |
| Issued and fully paid At 1 January Issued under ESOS scheme | 108,756 812 | 217,512 1,625 | 107,606 1,150 | 215,212 2,300 | |
| At 31 December | 109,568 | 219,137 | 108,756 | 217,512 | |

The Company has also issued share options in accordance with its ESOS Scheme (see Note 18).

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

13.2 Share premium

The share premium of the Group and of the Company represents premium arising from the issuance of ordinary shares of the Company at an issue price above par value and the transfer of share option reserve to share premium when the share options are exercised.

The share premium may be applied only for the purposes as specified in the Companies Act, 1965.

13.3 Translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.

13.4 Revaluation reserve

The revaluation reserve relates to the revaluation of freehold land. Deferred tax liabilities arising upon revaluation of freehold land are recognised directly in equity.

13. Share capital and reserves (continued)

13.5 Share option reserve

The share option reserve comprises the cumulative value of employee services received for the issue of share options. When the option is exercised, the amount from the share option reserve is transferred to share premium. When the share options expire, the amount from the share option reserve is transferred to retained earnings.

13.6 Treasury shares

This amount represents the acquisition cost for the purchase of the Company's own ordinary shares, net of the proceeds received on their subsequent sale or issuance of the shares repurchased.

The Company purchased 10,000 of its issued share capital from the open market in 2007. The total consideration paid was RM 20,749 including transaction costs. The purchase transactions were financed by internally generated funds. The shares purchased are retained as treasury shares.

13.7 Retained earnings

Under the single tier tax system, tax on the Company's profit is the final tax and accordingly, any dividends to the shareholders are not subject to tax.

14. Loans and borrowings

| | Gro | oup | Company | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
| Current | | | | |
| Secured term loan | - | 1,570 | - | - |
| Bank overdrafts - unsecured | | | | |
| (Note 12) | - | 1,978 | - | - |
| Unsecured revolving credits | 12,861 | 10,505 | 12,861 | 10,505 |
| Unsecured insurance premium | | | | |
| finance | 3,968 | 4,472 | - | - |
| Bills payable | 47,182 | 58,892 | - | - |
| | 64,011 | 77,417 | 12,861 | 10,505 |
| | | | | |
| | 64,011 | 77,417 | 12,861 | 10,505 |

14.1 Security

The collateral for the bank facilities granted to a subsidiary is the subsidiary's property, plant and equipment (Note 3) and is supported by the corporate guarantee from the Company.

The unsecured bank facilities of the Group are supported by the corporate guarantee from the Company.

14. Loans and borrowings (continued)

14.2 Terms and debt repayment schedule

| | | ◆ | 20 | 15 —— | | ◆ | 20 | 14 | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Year of maturity RM'000 | Carrying amount RM'000 | Under 1 year RM'000 | 1-5 years RM'000 | Over 5 years RM'000 | Carrying amount RM'000 | Under 1 year RM'000 | 1-5 years RM'000 | Over 5 years RM'000 |
| Group | | | | | | | | | |
| Secured term loan – RM | | - | - | - | - | 1,570 | 1,570 | - | - |
| Unsecured bank overdrafts - DKK | | - | - | - | - | 1,978 | 1,978 | - | - |
| Unsecured revolving credits - USD | 2016 | 12,861 | 12,861 | - | - | 10,505 | 10,505 | - | - |
| Unsecured insurance premium | | | | | | | | | |
| finance – AUD | 2016 | 3,968 | 3,968 | - | - | 4,472 | 4,472 | - | - |
| Bills payable | 2016 | 47,182 | 47,182 | _ | - | 58,892 | 58,892 | - | |
| | | 64,011 | 64,011 | - | - | 77,417 | 77,417 | - | - |
| Company Unsecured revolving credits | 2016 | 12.971 | 12.061 | | | 10.505 | 10.505 | | |
| - USD | 2016 | 12,861 | 12,861 | - | - | 10,505 | 10,505 | - | - |

15. Payables and accruals

| | | Group | | Company | |
|----------------------------|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
| Trade | | | | | |
| Trade payables | 15.1 | 156,590 | 192,786 | - | - |
| Amount due to ultimate | | | | | |
| holding company | 15.2 | 412 | 361 | - | - |
| Amounts due to related | | | | | |
| companies | 15.3 | 974 | 4,780 | - | - |
| | | 157,976 | 197,927 | - | - |
| Non trade | | | | | |
| Amount due to ultimate | | | | | |
| holding company | 15.2 | 861 | 2,278 | - | - |
| Amount due to a subsidiary | 15.4 | - | - | 1,138 | 1,146 |
| Amounts due to related | | | | | |
| companies | 15.3 | 690 | 835 | - | 10 |
| Amounts due to associates | 15.5 | 3,304 | 1,568 | - | - |
| Other payables | | 21,293 | 33,128 | - | 1 |
| Accrued expenses | | 46,989 | 40,260 | 66 | 99 |
| | | 73,137 | 78,069 | 1,204 | 1,256 |
| | | 231,113 | 275,996 | 1,204 | 1,256 |

15.1 Analysis of foreign currency exposure for significant payables

Significant trade payables that are not in the functional currencies of the Group are as follows:

| | | Group | | | |
|-------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Functional | Foreign | 2015 | 2014 | | |
| currency | currency | RM'000 | RM'000 | | |
| RM | AUD | 821 | 1,846 | | |
| RM | SGD | 2,304 | 2,978 | | |
| RM | EUR | 10,716 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 22,320 | | |
| RM | USD | 11,170 | 11,210 | | |
| RM | RMB | 219 | - | | |
| RM | GBP | 293 | 340 | | |
| SGD | USD | - | 74 | | |
| AUD | WON | 1 | 2,038 | | |
| AUD | USD | - | 74 | | |
| AUD | EUR | 369 | 77 | | |
| AUD | RMB | 350 | 8,996 | | |
| AUD | GBP | - | 105 | | |
| AUD | YEN | 88 | 71 | | |

15. Payables and accruals (continued)

15.2 Amount due to ultimate holding company

The trade payables due to ultimate holding company are subject to the normal trade term of 30 days.

The non-trade payables due to ultimate holding company are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

15.3 Amounts due to related companies

The trade payables due to related companies are subject to the normal trade term of 30 days.

The non-trade payables due to related companies are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

15.4 Amount due to a subsidiary

The non-trade payable due to a subsidiary is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

15.5 Amount due to associates

The non-trade payable due to associates is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

16. Provision for warranties

| | Group | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | |
| At 1 January | 27,022 | 36,229 | |
| Provision made during the year | 11,109 | 6,590 | |
| Utilised during the year | (7,542) | (8,629) | |
| Reversal during the year | (3,868) | (6,713) | |
| Effect of movements in exchange rates | 1,084 | (455) | |
| At 31 December | 27,805 | 27,022 | |

The provision for warranties relates to provision for defect rectification costs for manufactured cranes sold.

17. Derivative liabilities

| | 2015 | | 20 | 14 |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Contract/ | | Contract/ | |
| Group | Notional amount RM'000 | Derivative liabilities RM'000 | Notional amount RM'000 | Derivative liabilities RM'000 |
| Forward foreign currency contracts | 520,272 | (11,863) | 760,819 | (22,563) |

Forward exchange contracts are used to manage the foreign currency exposure arising from the Group's receivables and payables denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Group.

18. Employee benefits

18.1 Share-based payments

In 2011, an employees' share option scheme ("ESOS Scheme") was established and approved by the shareholders of the Company at an Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM") held on 28 June 2011 to the eligible employees including Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries.

18. Employee benefits (continued)

18.1 Share-based payments (continued)

The main features of the ESOS scheme, and details of the share options offered and exercised during the financial year are as follows:

- i) The maximum number of approved unissued new ordinary shares of RM0.50 each available for allotment under the ESOS scheme shall not exceed in aggregate of ten per cent (10%) of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company at any point in time during the duration of the ESOS scheme;
- ii) Save for Directors, the eligible employees are those confirmed full time employees of the Group and who have served for a continuous period of at least one (1) year;
- iii) A grantee shall be allowed to exercise the options granted subject to the following percentage limits based on entitlement granted:

| | | ← Year option is granted — | | | | |
|-------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|------|------|
| | | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
| Cumulative % | Year 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| of options | Year 2 | 33.33% | - | - | - | - |
| exercisable | Year 3 | 66.67% | 33.33% | - | - | - |
| during the option | Year 4 | 100% | 66.67% | 33.33% | - | - |
| period in: | Year 5 | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |

iv) The exercise price shall be based on the weighted average market price of the shares of the Company for the five (5) market days immediately preceding the offer date subject to a discount of not more than ten per cent (10%) or at the par value of the shares of the Company, whichever is higher.

18. Employee benefits (continued)

18.1 Share-based payments (continued)

The following options were granted under the ESOS scheme to take up the unissued ordinary shares of RM0.50 each:

| Grant date | Exercise price | At 1.1.2015 '000 | Granted '000 | Exercised '000 | Forfeited '000 | At 31.12.2015 '000 | Expiry date |
|--|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| ESOS Schen | ne | | | | | | |
| 28.09.2011 | RM0.80 | 3,017 | - | (1,547) | (12) | 1,458 | 05.7.2016 |
| 28.09.2012 | RM1.57 | 174 | _ | (49) | ` - | 125 | 05.7.2016 |
| 01.10.2013 | RM2.50 | 422 | _ | (5) | (73) | 344 | 05.7.2016 |
| 26.09.2014 | RM3.05 | 562 | | - | (90) | 472 | 05.7.2016 |
| 28.09.2015 | RM2.25 | - | 1,004 | (24) | (60) | 920 | 05.7.2016 |
| | | 4,175 | 1,004 | (1,625) | (235) | 3,319 | • |
| | | | | | | | |
| Grant | | At | | | | At | Expiry |
| Grant date | Exercise price | At 1.1.2014 '000 | Granted | Exercised '000 | Forfeited | At 31.12.2014 '000 | Expiry date |
| date | price | 1.1.2014 | | | | 31.12.2014 | |
| | price | 1.1.2014 | | | | 31.12.2014 | |
| date ESOS Schen | price | 1.1.2014 '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | 31.12.2014 '000 | date |
| date <u>ESOS Schen</u> 28.09.2011 | price me RM0.80 | 1.1.2014 '000 5,145 | '000 | '000 (2,118) | '000 (10) | 31.12.2014 '000 3,017 | date 05.7.2016 |
| ESOS Schen 28.09.2011 28.09.2012 | price me RM0.80 RM1.57 | 1.1.2014 '000 5,145 296 | '000 | '000 (2,118) (110) | '000 (10) (12) | 31.12.2014 '000 3,017 174 | date 05.7.2016 05.7.2016 |

The options granted in 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012 and 2011 under the ESOS scheme of the Company, which remain outstanding as at 31 December 2015 have exercise prices of RM2.25, RM3.05, RM2.50, RM1.57 and RM0.80 respectively per ordinary share of RM0.50 each and a remaining contractual life of 1/2 year (2014 - 1 1/2 years).

During the financial year, 1,547,000, 49,000, 5,000 and 24,000 (2014 – 2,118,000, 110,000 and 72,000) share options at exercise prices of RM0.80, RM1.57, RM2.50 and RM2.25 each respectively under the ESOS scheme of the Company were exercised. The weighted average share price of the Company for the financial year was RM2.74 (2014 – RM3.37).

Details relating to options exercised during the financial year

| | Group and Company | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------|--|
| | 2015 | 2014 | |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | |
| Ordinary share capital at par | 812 | 1,150 | |
| Share premium | 569 | 897 | |
| Proceeds received on exercise of share options | 1,381 | 2,047 | |
| Fair value of share issued | 2.74 | 3.37 | |
| (based on average exercise price) | | | |

18. Employee benefits (continued)

18.1 Share-based payments (continued)

Value of employee services received for issue of share options

The value of employee services received for issue of share options is as follows:

| | Group and Company | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------|--|
| | 2015 2014 | | |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | |
| Share option granted in 2011 | - | 252 | |
| Share option granted in 2012 | 15 | 48 | |
| Share option granted in 2013 | 106 | 306 | |
| Share option granted in 2014 | 298 | 99 | |
| Share option granted in 2015 | 416 | | |
| Total expenses recognised as share-based payments | 835 | 705 | |

Fair value of share options and assumptions

The fair value of services received in return for share options granted is based on the fair value of share options granted, measured using the Black Scholes Model with the following inputs:

| | Group and Company | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| | 2015 | 2014 | |
| Fair value at grant date (RM) | | | |
| - Granted in Year 2011 | RM0.34 - RM0.42 | RM0.34 - RM0.42 | |
| - Granted in Year 2012 | RM0.49 - RM0.67 | RM0.49 - RM0.67 | |
| - Granted in Year 2013 | RM0.83 - RM1.01 | RM0.83 - RM1.01 | |
| - Granted in Year 2014 | RM0.69 | RM0.69 | |
| - Granted in Year 2015 | RM0.46 | - | |
| Weighted average share price | | | |
| - Granted in Year 2011 | 0.88 | 0.88 | |
| - Granted in Year 2012 | 1.74 | 1.74 | |
| - Granted in Year 2013 | 2.75 | 2.75 | |
| - Granted in Year 2014 | 3.36 | 3.36 | |
| - Granted in Year 2015 | 2.46 | - | |

18. Employee benefits (continued)

18.1 Share-based payments (continued)

Fair value of share options and assumptions (continued)

| | Group and Company | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--|
| | 2015 | 2014 | |
| Exercise price | | | |
| - Granted in Year 2011 | RM0.80 | RM0.80 | |
| - Granted in Year 2012 | RM1.57 | RM1.57 | |
| - Granted in Year 2013 | RM2.50 | RM2.50 | |
| - Granted in Year 2014 | RM3.05 | RM3.05 | |
| - Granted in Year 2015 | RM2.25 | - | |
| Expected volatility | | | |
| (weighted average volatility) | 22.19% - 46.94% | 22.19% - 46.94% | |
| Option life | 1 year | 2 years | |
| Risk-free interest rate (based on | | | |
| Malaysian Government bonds) | | | |
| - Granted in Year 2011 | 3.23% - 3.41% | 3.23% - 3.41% | |
| - Granted in Year 2012 | 3.06% - 3.24% | 3.06% - 3.24% | |
| - Granted in Year 2013 | 3.21% - 3.38% | 3.21% - 3.38% | |
| - Granted in Year 2014 | 3.35% | 3.35% | |
| - Granted in Year 2015 | 3.18% | - | |
| Expected staff turnover | 10% | 10% | |

The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends and not necessarily be the actual outcome. The expected option life is based on historical data, which may also not necessarily be indicative of exercise patterns that may occur.

19. Revenue

| | Group | | Company | |
|-------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Contract revenue | 680,475 | 692,697 | - | - |
| Sales of goods | 77,253 | 77,429 | _ | - |
| Services rendered | 34,703 | 27,769 | - | - |
| Dividends | - | - | 52,347 | 27,875 |
| Rental income | - | - | 2,138 | 2,170 |
| | 792,431 | 797,895 | 54,485 | 30,045 |

20. Finance income

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
| Interest income: | | | | |
| - Fixed deposit | 1,552 | 1,640 | 312 | 356 |
| - related companies | 59 | - | 59 | 4,963 |
| Interest income arising on financial assets/(liabilities) measured | | | | |
| under MFRS139 | 13,583 | 3,546 | 1,583 | 1,900 |
| | 15,194 | 5,186 | 1,954 | 7,219 |

21. Finance costs

| | Group | | Com | pany |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Interest expenses: | | | | |
| - Bills payable | 1,715 | 1,348 | - | - |
| - Bank overdrafts | 117 | 376 | - | - |
| - Revolving credits | 347 | 328 | 347 | 328 |
| - Term loan | 35 | 146 | - | - |
| - Insurance premium finance | 59 | 80 | - | - |
| - Inter-company | - | - | - | 3,525 |
| Interest expenses arising on financial assets/(liabilities) measured | | | | |
| under MFRS139 | 5,749 | 6,762 | 4,668 | 1,037 |
| | 8,022 | 9,040 | 5,015 | 4,890 |
| | • | • | | • |

22. Profit before tax

| | | Gre | oup | Company | |
|---|--------|--|---|--|------------------|
| | Note | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
| Operating profit is arrived at | | | | | |
| after crediting: | | | | | |
| Allowance for impairment losses | | | | | |
| on receivables written back | | 12,168 | 2,771 | - | - |
| Dividend income from subsidiaries | 19 | - | - | 52,347 | 27,875 |
| Gain on disposal of property, | | | | | |
| plant and equipment | | 18 | 49 | - | - |
| Rental income on: | | | | | |
| - premises | | 6 | 21 | 2,138 | 2,170 |
| - cranes | | 12,278 | 8,368 | - | - |
| Reversal of provision for warranties | 16 | 3,868 | 6,713 | - | - |
| Reversal of provision for | | | | | |
| restructuring cost | | 281 | _ | - | - |
| Reversal of diminution written back | | - | - | - | 76 |
| Net unrealised foreign exchange | | | | | |
| gain | | 25,861 | 8,587 | - | - |
| and after charging: | | | | | |
| Allowance for impairment losses on | | | | | |
| receivables | | 43,587 | 21,107 | - | - |
| Allowance for slow moving | | | | | |
| inventories | | 4,075 | 2,487 | - | - |
| Auditors' remuneration: | | | | | |
| holding company's auditors | | 137 | 130 | 52 | 52 |
| - other auditors | | 492 | 487 | | |
| Other services | | | | | |
| holding company's auditors | | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 4 | 1,191 | 1,093 | - | - |
| Contract costs | | 526,545 | 592,068 | - | - |
| Depreciation expenses: | | | | | |
| - investment property | 5 | _ | _ | 392 | 385 |
| - property, plant and equipment | 3 | 15,986 | 14,630 | 3 | 3 |
| Personnel expenses (including key | | | | | |
| management personnel): | | | | | |
| - Contributions to Employees | | | | | |
| Provident Fund | | 9,671 | 8,068 | 219 | 201 |
| - Share-based payments | 18 | 835 | 705 | 835 | 705 |
| - Wages, salaries and others | | 82,376 | 67,239 | 1,320 | 1,242 |
| _ | | , | • | , | , |
| written off | 3 | 2,121 | 74 | - | _ |
| Provision for foreseeable losses | | 150 | | - | _ |
| and after charging: Allowance for impairment losses on receivables Allowance for slow moving inventories Auditors' remuneration: - holding company's auditors - other auditors Other services - holding company's auditors Amortisation of intangible assets Contract costs Depreciation expenses: - investment property - property, plant and equipment Personnel expenses (including key management personnel): - Contributions to Employees Provident Fund - Share-based payments - Wages, salaries and others Property, plant and equipment written off | 5 3 | 43,587 4,075 137 492 10 1,191 526,545 15,986 9,671 835 82,376 2,121 | 21,107 2,487 130 487 10 1,093 592,068 14,630 8,068 705 67,239 | 10 - - 392 3 219 835 | 38. 20 70. |

22. Profit before tax (continued)

| | | Group | | Group Company | |
|--------------------------------------|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
| and after charging (continued): | | KIVI UUU | KIVI UUU | KIVI UUU | KIVI UUU |
| Provision for warranties | 16 | 11,109 | 6,590 | - | - |
| Rental expenses on: | | | | | |
| - cranes | | 6,647 | 7,715 | - | _ |
| - premises | | 4,915 | 4,519 | 92 | 93 |
| - equipment | | 822 | 1,110 | - | _ |
| Writedown of inventories | | 1,099 | 168 | - | _ |
| Net realised foreign exchange loss | | 61,936 | 635 | - | _ |
| Net unrealised foreign exchange loss | | - | - | 1,147 | 572 |

23. Key management personnel compensation

The key management personnel compensations are as follows:

| | Gro | oup | Company | | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | |
| Directors | | | | | |
| - Fees | 628 | 630 | 576 | 576 | |
| - Remuneration | 1,605 | 1,503 | 1,599 | 1,496 | |
| | 2,233 | 2,133 | 2,175 | 2,072 | |

The Directors of the Company are the key management personnel for the Group with ultimate authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly.

24. Income tax

Recognised in profit or loss

Major components of income tax expense include:

| | Gro | oup | Company | | |
|---|---------|----------|---------|--------|--|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | |
| Current tax expense | | | | | |
| Malaysia - current | 17,917 | 25,239 | 34 | 150 | |
| under/(over)provision in | | | | | |
| prior year | 2,243 | (317) | 8 | (24) | |
| | 20,160 | 24,922 | 42 | 126 | |
| Overseas - current | 7,442 | 5,788 | 458 | 967 | |
| overprovision in prior year | (1,287) | (914) | (95) | - | |
| | 6,155 | 4,874 | 363 | 967 | |
| Total current tax expense | 26,315 | 29,796 | 405 | 1,093 | |
| Deferred tax expense (Note 8) | | | | | |
| Origination of temporary differences | (1,897) | (3,795) | - | - | |
| Overprovision in prior years | (8) | (8,675) | - | - | |
| Total deferred tax | (1,905) | (12,470) | - | _ | |
| Total tax expense | 24,410 | 17,326 | 405 | 1,093 | |

24. Income tax(continued)

Reconciliation of tax expense

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
| Profit for the year | 93,866 | 84,012 | 52,111 | 28,819 |
| Total tax expense | 24,410 | 17,326 | 405 | 1,093 |
| Profit excluding tax | 118,276 | 101,338 | 52,516 | 29,912 |
| Tax at Malaysian tax rate of 25% Effect of different tax rates in foreign | 29,569 | 25,335 | 13,129 | 7,478 |
| jurisdictions | (2,957) | 652 | - | - |
| Non-deductible expense | 10,177 | 13,250 | 1,348 | 1,701 |
| Non-taxable gain | (847) | (971) | (396) | (475) |
| Double deductions | (387) | (311) | - | - |
| Tax exempt income | (1,195) | (686) | (13,684) | (7,587) |
| Tax incentives | - | (6,065) | - | _ |
| Effect of utilisation of deferred tax assets previously not recognised | (11,261) | (4,000) | - | - |
| Effect of non-recognition of deferred tax benefits | (786) | 1,076 | _ | _ |
| Under/(over)provision in prior years | 948 | (9,906) | 8 | (24) |
| Others | 1,149 | (1,048) | - | - |
| | 24,410 | 17,326 | 405 | 1,093 |

The statutory tax rate will be reduced to 24% from the current financial year's rate of 25%, effective year of assessment 2016.

25. Dividends

Dividends recognised in the current year by the Company are:

| | Sen per share (net of tax) | Total amount RM'000 | Date of payment |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| 2015 First and final 2014 ordinary | 12.00 | 26,265 | 11 September 2015 |
| 2014 First and final 2013 ordinary | 10.00 | 21,650 | 25 August 2014 |

25. Dividends (continued)

After the end of the reporting period, the following dividend was proposed by the Directors. This dividend will be recognised in the subsequent financial statements upon approval by the shareholders.

| | Sen Per Share (tax exempt) | Total Amount RM'000 |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| First and final ordinary | 15.00 | 32,869 |

Dividend per ordinary share

The calculation of dividend per ordinary share is based on the proposed gross final dividend for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 of RM 32,869,014 (2014 – RM 26,100,212) on the issued and paid-up share capital (excluding treasury shares) of 219,126,763 (2014 – 217,501,763) ordinary shares of RM0.50 each as at the end of the reporting date.

26. Earnings per ordinary share

Basic earnings per ordinary share

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 was based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding calculated as follows:

Group

| | 010 | ۳P |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
| Profit for the financial year attributable to owners of the Company | 94,706 | 87,618 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares | | |
| | Gro | up |
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| | '000 | '000 |
| Number of ordinary shares in issue at 1 January | 217,512 | 215,212 |
| Effect of shares repurchased | (10) | (10) |
| Effect of ordinary shares issued under ESOS | 722 | 879 |
| Total weighted average number of ordinary shares | | |
| in issue (unit) | 218,224 | 216,081 |
| | | |
| Basic earnings per ordinary share (sen) | 43.40 | 40.55 |

26. Earnings per ordinary share (continued)

Diluted earnings per share

The Group has potential diluted ordinary shares from the options granted to eligible employees of the Group.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2015 was based on profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding on the assumption that all the dilutive potential ordinary shares are fully converted, as follows:

| | Group | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|--|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | |
| Profit for the financial year attributable to | | | |
| Owners of the Company | 94,706 | 87,618 | |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares (dilu | uted) Gro | un | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | |
| | '000 | '000 | |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares at | | | |
| 31 December | 218,224 | 216,081 | |
| Effect of share options in issue | 1,288 | 2,252 | |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares | | | |
| (diluted) at 31 December | 219,512 | 218,333 | |

The average market value of the Company's shares for the purpose of calculating the dilutive effect of share options was based on quoted market prices for the period that the options were outstanding.

| | Group | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | 2015 Sen | 2014 Sen | |
| Diluted earnings per ordinary share | 43.14 | 40.13 | |

27. Segment reporting

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's geographical segments. The primary format, geographical segments, is based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure. Inter-segment pricing is determined based on negotiated terms.

The Group operates only in one business segment. Accordingly, information by business segments is not presented.

Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly of loans and borrowings and related expenses, corporate assets (primarily the Company's headquarters) and head office expenses.

Geographical segments

The Group's business is managed on a worldwide basis with its head office in Malaysia.

In presenting information on the basis of geographical segments, segment revenue is based on the geographical location of customers. Segment assets are also based on the geographical location of assets.

27. Segment reporting (continued)

Geographical segments (continued)

| | Insi Mala | | Outs Mala | | Elimin | ations | Consoli | dated |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
| Geographical segments | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from external | | | | | | | | |
| customers | 386,755 | 427,096 | 405,676 | 370,799 | - | - | 792,431 | 797,895 |
| Inter-segment revenue | 329,725 | 230,383 | 84,802 | 61,249 | (414,527) | (291,632) | - | - |
| Total revenue | 716,480 | 657,479 | 490,478 | 432,048 | (414,527) | (291,632) | 792,431 | 797,895 |
| Operating profit | | | | | | | 112,589 | 104,272 |
| Interest income | | | | | | | 15,194 | 5,186 |
| Interest expense | | | | | | | (8,022) | (9,040) |
| Share of (loss)/profit of associates | | | | | | _ | (1,485) | 920 |
| Profit before tax | | | | | | - | 118,276 | 101,338 |
| Segment assets | 1,007,304 | 986,086 | 591,268 | 481,653 | (395,851) | (351,822) | 1,202,721 | 1,115,917 |
| Investments in associates | 22 | 22 | 19,244 | 19,244 | (2,292) | (807) | 16,974 | 18,459 |
| Total assets | 1,007,326 | 986,108 | 610,512 | 500,897 | (398,143) | (352,629) | 1,219,695 | 1,134,376 |
| Segment liabilities | 573,956 | 594,939 | 419,068 | 355,437 | (320,944) | (275,729) | 672,080 | 674,647 |
| Capital expenditure | | | | | | | | |
| - Property, plant and equipment | 19,041 | 15,672 | 6,164 | 5,685 | (798) | (375) | 24,407 | 20,982 |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 11,267 | 10,648 | 5,910 | 5,075 | - | - | 17,177 | 15,723 |

28. Financial instruments

Categories of financial instruments

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments categorised as follows:

| | Group | | Com | pany |
|--|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Financial Assets | | | | |
| Loans and receivables financial assets | | | | |
| Receivables and deposits | 281,558 | 292,877 | 74,699 | 57,591 |
| Fixed deposits with licensed banks | 41,991 | 40,198 | 14,718 | 10,243 |
| Cash and bank balances | 291,988 | 170,576 | 3,370 | 5,097 |
| | 615,537 | 503,651 | 92,787 | 72,931 |
| | | | | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Other Financial Liabilities | | | | |
| Loan and borrowings | 64,011 | 77,417 | 12,861 | 10,505 |
| Payables and accruals | 231,113 | 275,996 | 1,204 | 1,256 |
| Provision for warranties | 27,805 | 27,022 | - | - |
| Derivative liabilities | 11,863 | 22,563 | - | - |
| | 334,792 | 402,998 | 14,065 | 11,761 |

Financial risk management

The group has exposure to the following risk from its use of financial instruments:

- (a) Credit risk
- (b) Liquidity risk
- (c) Market risk

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group's exposure to credit risk arises principally from customers. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises principally trade receivables.

Receivables

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis.

Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

At the end of the reporting period, there were no significant concentrations of credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset.

Management has taken reasonable steps to ensure that receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are stated at their realisable values. A significant portion of these receivables are regular customers that have been transacting with the Group. The Group uses ageing analysis to monitor the credit quality of the receivables. Any receivables having significant balances past due more than 30 to 60 days, which are deemed to have higher credit risk, are monitored individually.

The exposure of credit risk for trade receivables by geographical region is as follows:

| | Gro | Group | | | |
|-----------|---------|---------|--|--|--|
| | 2015 | 2014 | | | |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | | | |
| Asia | 162,286 | 225,345 | | | |
| Europe | 19,505 | 35,090 | | | |
| America | 14,073 | 12,875 | | | |
| Australia | 12,687 | 21,416 | | | |
| | 208,551 | 294,726 | | | |
| | | | | | |

28. Financial instruments (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Receivable (continued)

Impairment losses

The Group maintains an ageing analysis in respect of trade receivables only. The ageing of trade receivables as at the end of reporting period was:

| | Gross | Individual | Collective | Carrying |
|-----------------------------|---------|------------|------------|----------|
| Group | Amount | Impairment | - | Amount |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| 2015 | | | | |
| Not past due | 68,956 | - | - | 68,956 |
| Past due 0 - 90 days | 77,230 | - | - | 77,230 |
| Past due 91 -180 days | 24,641 | - | - | 24,641 |
| Past due more than 180 days | 96,467 | (58,743) | - | 37,724 |
| _ | 267,294 | (58,743) | _ | 208,551 |
| | | | | |
| 2014 | | | | |
| Not past due | 150,156 | - | - | 150,156 |
| Past due 0 - 90 days | 33,511 | (2,873) | - | 30,638 |
| Past due 91 -180 days | 23,845 | - | - | 23,845 |
| Past due more than 180 days | 113,037 | (22,950) | | 90,087 |
| _ | 320,549 | (25,823) | _ | 294,726 |

The movements in the allowance for impairment losses of trade receivables during the financial year were:

| | Group | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|---------|--|--|
| | 2015 | 2014 | | |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | | |
| At 1 January | 25,823 | 7,512 | | |
| Impairment losses recognised | 43,587 | 21,107 | | |
| Impairment losses written back | (12,168) | (2,771) | | |
| Effect of movements in exchange rates | 1,501 | (25) | | |
| As 31 December | 58,743 | 25,823 | | |

The Group's trade receivables as at 31 December 2015 which is past due but not impaired amounted to RM139,595,000 (2014 – RM144,570,000). Trade receivables which are past due and impaired as at 31 December 2015 amounted to RM58,743,000 (2014 – RM25,823,000). For those trade receivables which are past due but not impaired, the Group is satisfied that these debts are recoverable.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk arises principally from its various payables and borrowings.

The Group maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents and bank facilities deemed adequate by the management to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they fall due.

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted contractual payment:

| Group | Effective interest rate % | • • | | Less than 1 year RM'000 | 1 - 5 years RM'000 | Over 5 years RM'000 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 2015 | | | | | | |
| Unsecured revolving credits | 2.91 | 12,861 | 12,889 | 12,889 | - | - |
| Unsecured insurance premium | | | | | | |
| finance | 2.20 | 3,968 | 3,999 | 3,999 | - | - |
| Bills payable | 3.81 | 47,182 | 47,182 | 47,182 | - | - |
| Unsecured payables and accrua | als - | 231,113 | 231,113 | 231,113 | - | - |
| | | | | | | |
| | | 295,124 | 295,183 | 295,183 | _ | _ |
| | | ===== | ===== | ===== | ====== | ===== |
| 2014 | | | | | | |
| Secured term loan | 5.56 | 1,570 | 1,619 | 1,619 | - | - |
| Unsecured revolving credits | 3.22 | 10,505 | 10,525 | 10,525 | - | - |
| Unsecured bank overdrafts | 2.85 | 1,978 | 2,026 | 2,026 | - | - |
| Unsecured insurance premium | | | | | | |
| finance | 2.20 | 4,472 | 4,498 | 4,498 | - | - |
| Bills payable | 4.33 | 58,892 | 58,892 | 58,892 | - | - |
| Unsecured payables and accrua | als - | 275,996 | 275,996 | 275,996 | - | - |
| | | | | | | |
| | | 353,413 | 353,556 | 353,556 | - | - |
| | | ===== | ===== | ===== | ====== | ===== |

28. Financial instruments (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

| Company | | ive Carrying rate amount RM'000 | cash flows | Less than 1 year RM'000 | 1 - 5 years RM'000 | Over 5 years RM'000 |
|-------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 2015 | | | | | | |
| Unsecured revolving credits | 2.91 | 12,861 | 12,889 | 12,889 | - | - |
| Unsecured payables and accrua | als - | 1,204 | 1,204 | 1,204 | - | - |
| | | 14,065 | 14,093 | 14,093 | - | - |
| 2014 | | | | | | |
| Unsecured revolving credits | 3.22 | 10,505 | 10,525 | 10,525 | - | _ |
| Unsecured payables and accrua | | 1,256 | , | 1,256 | - | - |
| | | 11,761 | 11,781 | 11,781 | | |
| | | ====== | ===== | ====== | ====== | ===== |

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates that will affect the Group's financial position or cash flow.

Interest rate risk

The Group's investments in fixed rate debt securities and its fixed rate borrowings are exposed to a risk of change in their fair value due to changes in interest rate. The Group's variable rate borrowings are exposed to a risk of change in cash flows due to changes in interest rates.

28. Financial instruments (continued)

Market risk (continued)
Interest rate risk (continued)

Effective interest rates and repricing analysis

The interest rate profile of the Group's significant interest-bearing financial instrument, based on carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period was:

| Group | Effective Interest rate % | Total RM'000 | Less than 1 year RM'000 | 1 - 5 years RM'000 | Over 5 years RM'000 |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| 2015 | , , | | | | |
| Fixed rate instruments | | | | | |
| Deposit placed with licensed banks | 2.61 – 3.31 | 41,991 | 41,991 | - | - |
| Fixed rate instruments Unsecured insurance premium Finance – AUD | 2.20 | 3,968 | 3,968 | - | - |
| Floating rate instruments | | | | | |
| Unsecured revolving credits – USD | 2.91 | 12,861 | 12,861 | - | - |
| Bills payable | 3.81 | 47,182 | 47,182 | - | |
| | _ | 64,011 | 64,011 | - | - |

28. Financial instruments (continued)

Market risk (continued) Interest rate risk (continued)

Effective interest rates and repricing analysis (continued)

| Group | Effective Interest rate % | Total RM'000 | Less than 1 year RM'000 | 1 - 5 years RM'000 | Over 5 years RM'000 |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| 2014 | | | | | |
| Fixed rate instruments | | | | | |
| Deposit placed with licensed banks | 4.07 - 5.60 | 40,198 | 40,198 | - | <u>-</u> _ |
| | | | | | |
| Fixed rate instruments | | | | | |
| Unsecured insurance premium | | | | | |
| Finance – AUD | 2.20 | 4,472 | 4,472 | - | - |
| Floating rate instruments | | | | | |
| Secured term loan | 5.56 | 1,570 | 1,570 | - | - |
| Unsecured revolving credits – USD | 3.22 | 10,505 | 10,505 | - | - |
| Unsecured bank overdraft – SGD | 2.85 | 1,978 | 1,978 | - | - |
| Bills payable | 4.33 | 58,892 | 58,892 | - | - |
| | _ | 77,417 | 77,417 | - | |

Market risk (continued)
Interest rate risk (continued)
Effective interest rates and repricing analysis (continued)

| | 2015 | | 2014 | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Company | Effective interest rate % | Total RM'000 | Less than 1 year RM'000 | Effective interest rate % | Total RM'000 | Less than 1 year RM'000 |
| Fixed rate instruments | | | | | | |
| Deposits placed with licensed banks | 2.61 | 14,718 | 14,718 | 3 2.50 | 10,243 | 10,243 |
| Floating rate instruments | | | | - | | |
| Unsecured revolving credits | 2.91 | 12,861 | 12,861 | 3.22 | 10,505 | 10,505 |
| | | ===== | ===== | = | ===== | ===== |

Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis

If interest rates as at the end of the reporting period increase by 100 basis points (bp) with all other variables being held constant, the Group's profit after taxation would have decreased by RM 174,000. A 100 bp decrease would have had an equal but opposite effect on the profit after taxation.

Foreign currency

The Group and the Company are exposed to currency risk as a result of transactions entered into by subsidiaries in currencies other than Ringgit Malaysia.

Risk management objectives policies and processes for managing the risk

The Group uses forward exchange contracts to hedge its foreign currency risk although the Group does not have a fixed policy to hedge its sales and purchases in forward contracts. The exposure to foreign currency risk of the Group is monitored by the management from time to time. The Group does not hold forward exchange contracts for trading purposes. Most of the forward exchange contracts have maturities of less than one year after the end of the reporting period. Where necessary, the forward exchange contracts are rolled over at maturity.

The currencies giving rise to this risk are mainly United States Dollar, Australian Dollar and Singapore Dollar.

The foreign exchange contracts are used as hedges to manage the operational exposures to foreign currency risks. They are entered into with high credit quality financial institutions and monitoring procedures. The exposure to foreign currency risk of the Group and of the Company is also mitigated by natural hedging via borrowings and payment of operational costs and expenses in the same currency of the major receivables.

Market risk (continued) Foreign currency (continued)

Exposure to foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk, based on carrying amounts as at end of the reporting period was:

| 2015 Financial assets 274,960 57,099 117,70 Financial liabilities (37,275) (65,175) (4,06) Not financial assets/(liabilities) 237,685 (8,076) 113,64 | 52) |
|--|-------------|
| Financial liabilities (37,275) (65,175) (4,06 | 52) |
| | <u> </u> |
| Not financial assets/(liabilities) 227.695 (9.076) 112.64 | 13 |
| Net financial assets/(liabilities) 237,685 (8,076) 113,64 | |
| Less: Net financial assets/(liabilities) | |
| denominated in the respective entities | |
| functional currencies (12,851) 11,434 (39,01 | .4) |
| Less: Forward foreign currency contracts | |
| (contracted notional principal) (386,462) (6,336) (107,94 | 4) |
| Net currency exposure (161,628) (2,978) (33,31 | .5) |
| | |
| 2014 | |
| Financial assets 241,094 42,814 53,26 | 52 |
| Financial liabilities (23,619) (64,572) (26,91 | .6) |
| Net financial assets/(liabilities) 217,475 (21,758) 26,34 | 6 |
| Less: Net financial assets/(liabilities) | |
| denominated in the respective entities | |
| functional currencies (12,563) 33,608 4,09 | Ю |
| Less: Forward foreign currency contracts | |
| (contracted notional principal) (529,562) (15,027) (192,63 | 34) |
| Net currency exposure (324,650) (3,177) (162,19 | <i>(</i> 8) |

Currency risk sensitivity analysis

This analysis is based on foreign currency exchange rate variances that the Group considered to be reasonably possible at the end of the reporting period. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remained constant and ignores any impact of forecasted sales and purchase.

Effects on profit after taxation

| 2015strengthened by 5%weakened by 5% | (6,061) | (112) | (1,249) |
|--|----------|-------|---------|
| | 6,061 | 112 | 1,249 |
| 2014 - strengthened by 5% - weakened by 5% | (12,174) | (119) | (6,082) |
| | 12,174 | 119 | 6,082 |

Fair values

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, deposits and prepayments, other payables and accruals, and short term borrowings, approximate fair values due to the relatively short term nature of these financial instruments.

It is not practicable to estimate the fair value of the Company's investments in subsidiaries and associates due to the lack of comparable quoted market prices and the inability to estimate fair value without incurring excessive costs.

The fair values of other financial liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the statements of financial position as at 31 December are as follows:

| | 20 | 15 | 2014 | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Group | Carrying amount RM'000 | Fair value RM'000 | Carrying amount RM'000 | Fair value RM'000 | |
| Financial Iiabilities | | | | | |
| Secured term loan | - | - | 1,570 | 1,570 | |
| | ===== | ===== | ===== | ===== | |

The fair values of secured term loans with variable interest rates approximate their carrying values as they are on floating rates and reprice to market interest rates for liabilities with similar risk profile.

The Company provides financial guarantees to financial institutions for credit facilities extended to certain subsidiaries. The fair value of such financial guarantees is not expected to be material as the subsidiaries are managed by the management team without any expectation of default on the credit lines.

Fair values (continued)

Fair value hierarchy

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair value are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the input used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

| Group | Level 1 RM'000 | Level 2 RM'000 | Level 3 RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 2015 | | | | |
| Financial liability | | | | |
| Derivative liabilities | | (11,863) | - | (11,863) |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 2014 | | | | |
| Financial liability | | | | |
| Derivative liabilities | | (22,563) | - | (22,563) |

29. Contingencies

Contingent liabilities - unsecured

| | Group | | |
|--|---------|---------|--|
| | 2015 | 2014 | |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | |
| Corporate guarantee for credit facilities granted to | | | |
| subsidiaries | 114,084 | 157,561 | |
| | ======= | ======= | |

In the ordinary course of business, the Group and the Company also issue bank and performance guarantees to customers who awarded contracts to the Group and the Company.

29. Contingencies (continued)

Continuing financial support

The Company has undertaken to provide continuing financial support to certain subsidiaries to enable them to meet their financial obligations as and when they fall due.

Contingent liabilities - litigation

Litigation against the Company, its subsidiary Favelle Favco Berhad ("FFB") and FFB's subsidiary Favelle Favco Cranes (USA) inc. ("FFCUSA") in the Supreme Court of the State of New York

The litigation relates to an incident in 2008 involving the collapse of a Favelle Favco crane caused by rigging activity carried out by a third party. The U.S. Occupational Safety & Health Administration ("OSHA") found that slings (independent of the crane per se) used during the rigging activity tore open causing the said incident. The litigation remains ongoing and it is premature to assess the outcome of the actions at this point in time.

Litigation against a subsidiary, Favelle Favco Cranes (USA) Inc. in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of New York

Mr Robert Paranella is claiming against FFCUSA for personal injuries resulting from an accident while descending a ladder of a crane. As advised by the lawyers, the Board of Directors of FFCUSA is of the view that there are merits to his claims.

30. Related parties

Identities of related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group or the company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

The Group has related party relationships with its ultimate holding company, subsidiaries (see Note 6), related companies, associates (see Note 7) and Directors (see Note 23).

Significant transactions with related parties:

| | Gro | oup | Company | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | |
| Ultimate holding company | | | | | |
| Purchase of property, plant and | | | | | |
| equipment | 75 | 133 | | - | |
| Rental expense payable | 1,608 | 1,412 | - | _ | |
| Sale of goods and services | (86) | (714) | - | _ | |
| Subcontract cost payable | 542 | 927 | - | - | |
| Share services expenses | 2,000 | 1,900 | - | - | |
| Subsidiaries | | | | | |
| Dividend income receivable | - | - | (52,347) | (27,875) | |
| Rental income receivable | - | - | (2,138) | (2,170) | |
| Related companies | | | | | |
| Purchase of property, plant and | | | | | |
| equipment | - | 580 | | - | |
| Rental expense payable | 3,782 | 3,156 | 92 | 93 | |
| Rental income receivable | (8) | (21) | - | - | |
| Sale of goods | (5,883) | (23) | - | - | |
| Subcontract cost payable | 10,873 | 28,064 | - | - | |

30. Related parties (continued)

Significant transactions with related parties (continued):

| | Group | | Company | |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
| Associates | | | | |
| Sale of goods and services | (17,984) | (35,101) | - | - |
| | ====== | ===== | ===== | ====== |

The outstanding net amounts due from/(to) subsidiaries, related companies and associates as at 31 December are disclosed in Note 9 and Note 15 respectively.

These transactions have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established under negotiated terms.

There are no allowance for impairment losses on receivables as at 31 December 2015 in respect of the above related party balances.

31. Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a healthy capital ratio in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic and business conditions or expansion plans of the Group. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. There were no changes in Group's approach to capital management during the year.

32. Comparative figures

The following figures have been reclassified to conform with the presentation of the current financial year:-

| | Group | | |
|---|--------------------------|--|--|
| | As Restated RM'000 | As Previously Reported RM'000 | |
| Statement of Cash Flows (Extract):- | | | |
| Cash flows from operating activities Bad debt written off | - | 9,187 | |
| Receivables, deposits and prepayments | (106,611) | (115,798) | |

33. Realised and unrealised profits/(losses)

The breakdown of the retained profits of the Group and of the Company as at the end of the reporting period into realised and unrealised profits/(losses) are presented in accordance with the directive issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and prepared in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, as follows:-

| | 2015 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Total retained profits of | | |
| Favelle Favco Berhad and its subsidiaries: | | |
| - Realised | 275,883 | 237,327 |
| - Unrealised | 42,283 | (5,268) |
| | 318,166 | 232,059 |
| Total retained profit from associated companies | | |
| - Realised | (3,080) | (1,538) |
| - Unrealised | 38 | 11 |
| | 315,124 | 230,532 |
| Less: Consolidation adjustments | 51,151 | 67,527 |
| Total Group retained profits | 366,275 | 298,059 |

Favelle Favco Berhad

(Company No. 249243-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

and its subsidiaries

Statement by Directors pursuant to Section 169(15) of the Companies Act, 1965

In the opinion of the Directors, the financial statements set out on pages 9 to 94 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2015 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

In opinion of the Directors, the information set out in note 33 on page 95 to the financial statements has been compiled in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosures Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, and presented based on the format prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

| Signed | Ωn | hehalf | of th | e Board | of | Directors | in accord | dance | with a | resolution | of the | Directors |
|--------|----|--------|-------|----------|-----|-----------|-----------|-------|--------|------------|--------|------------|
| Signed | OH | UCHan | oi u | ic Duaiu | LOI | DIFFCIOIS | m accon | uance | willia | resorunon | or me | DIFFCIOIS. |

| Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon | |
|------------------------------|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Mac Chung Hui | |
| Klang, | |
| 1st April 2016 | |

Favelle Favco Berhad

(Company No. 249243-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

and its subsidiaries

Statutory declaration pursuant to Section 169(16) of the Companies Act, 1965

I, **Lee Poh Kwee**, the Director primarily responsible for the financial management of Favelle Favco Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 9 to 95 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the above named in Klang on 1st April 2016.

Lee Poh Kwee

Before me:

Azmi bin Ishak Pesuruhjaya Sumpah Malaysia (No. B413)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FAVELLE FAVCO BERHAD

(Company No. 249243-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Favelle Favco Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2015 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 9 to 94.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements so as to give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FAVELLE FAVCO BERHAD (CONT'D)

(Company No. 249243-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 31 December 2015 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:-

- a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries of which we have acted as auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- b) We have considered the financial statements and the auditors' reports of all the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, which are indicated in Note 6 to the financial statements.
- c) We are satisfied that the financial statements of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the Company's financial statements are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- d) The audit reports on the financial statements of the subsidiaries did not contain any qualification or any adverse comment made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

Other Reporting Responsibilities

The supplementary information set out on page 95 in Note 33 to the financial statements is disclosed to meet the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and is not part of the financial statements. The directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA Guidance") and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. In our opinion, the supplementary information is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the MIA Guidance and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FAVELLE FAVCO BERHAD (CONT'D)

(Company No. 249243-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Other Matters

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Crowe HorwathFirm Number: AF 1018
Chartered Accountants

1st April 2016

Kuala Lumpur

Chan Kuan Chee

Approval No: 2271/10/17 (J) Chartered Accountant